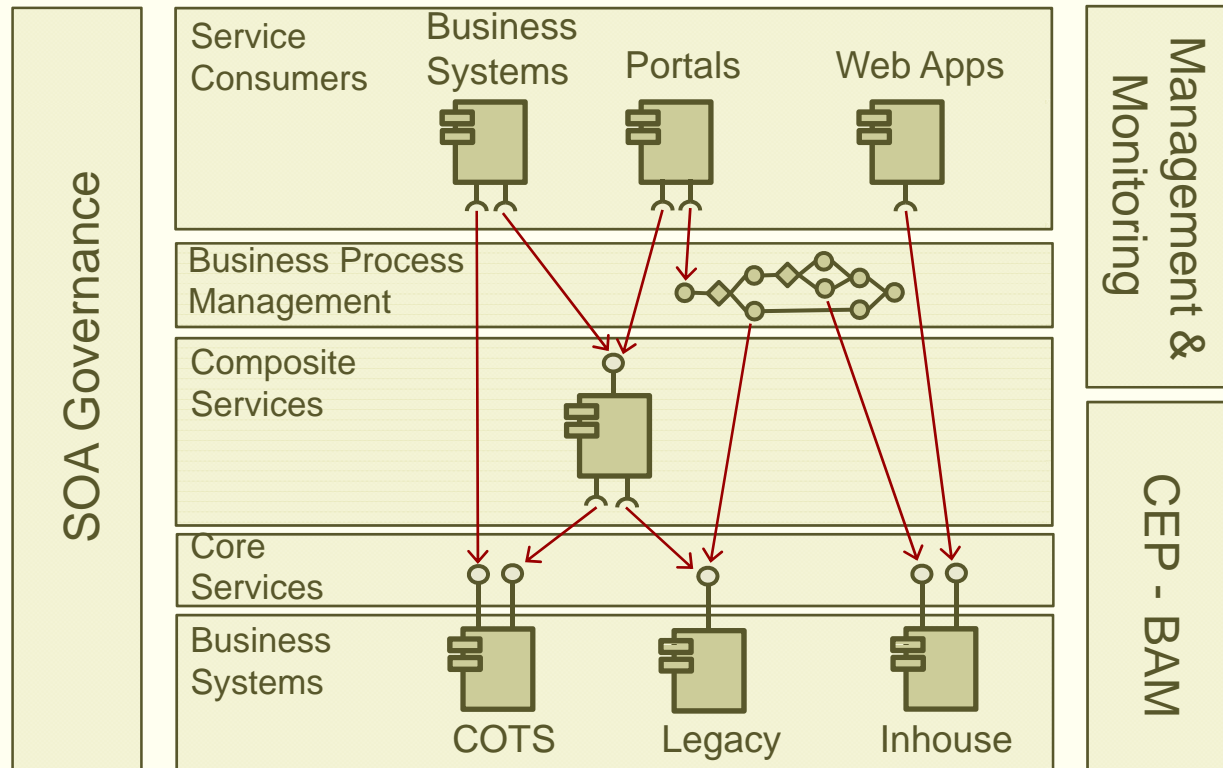




SOA and Open Source



Magnus Larsson

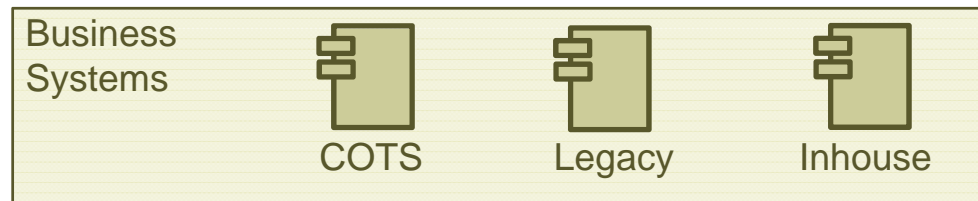
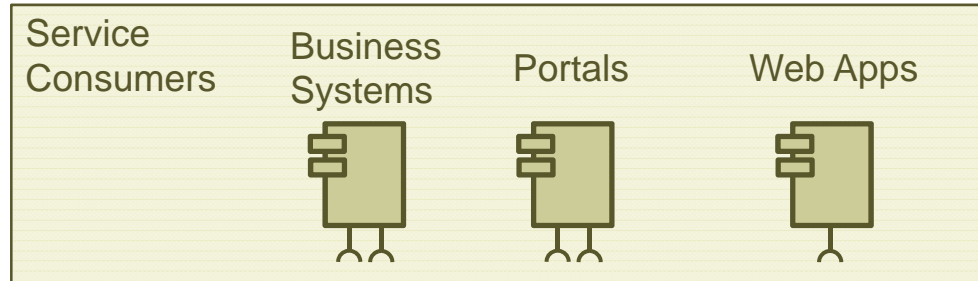
Callista Enterprise AB



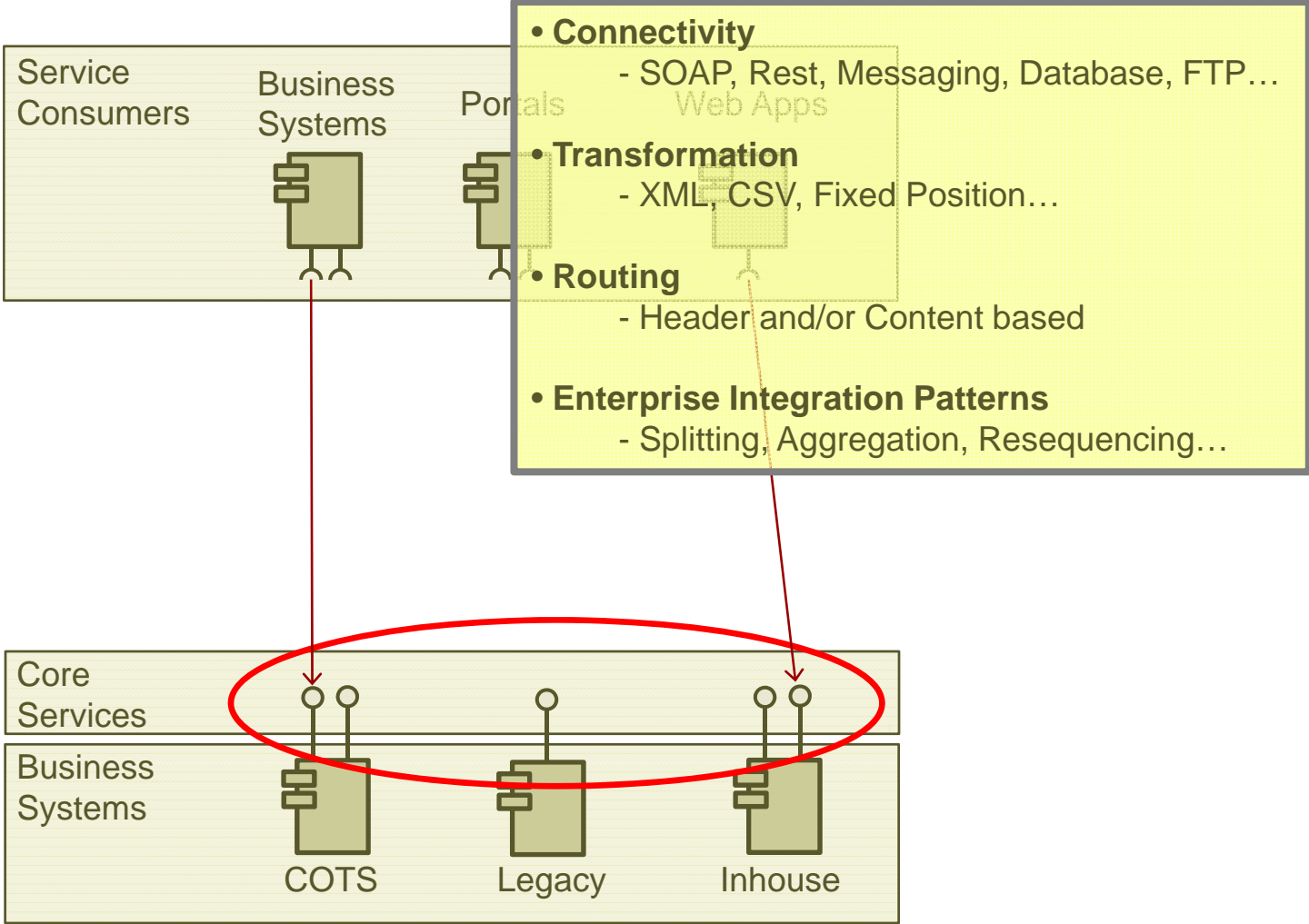
Vendor support of Open Source SOA

- Vendors provide services for training, consulting and support on selected Open Source SOA products
- MuleSource
 - Over 1000 mission-critical production installations worldwide!
 - <http://www.mulesource.com/customers/casestudies.php>
- WSO2
 - <http://wso2.com/about/whitepapers/>
- Progress FUSE
 - <http://fusesource.com/resources/collateral/>

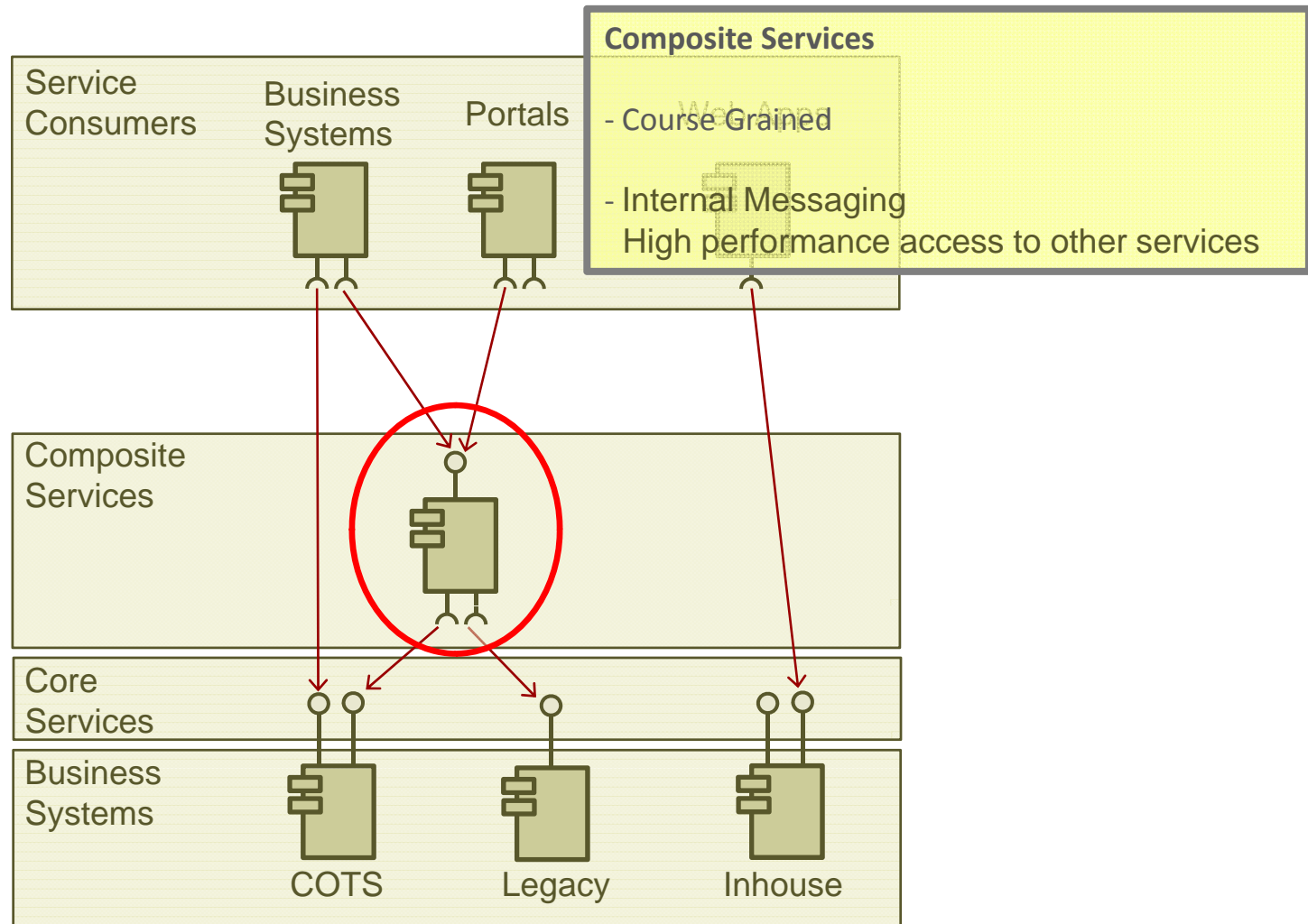
Building a SOA Reference Model...



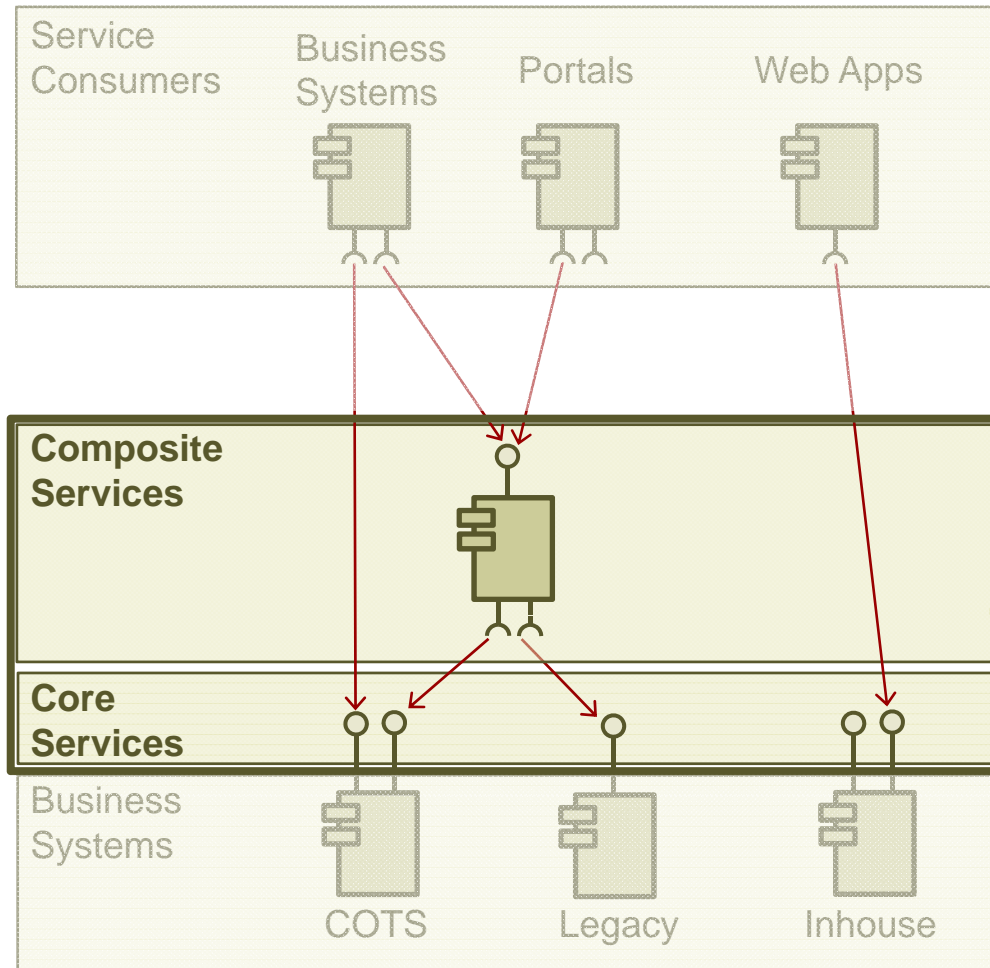
Building a SOA Reference Model...



Building a SOA Reference Model...

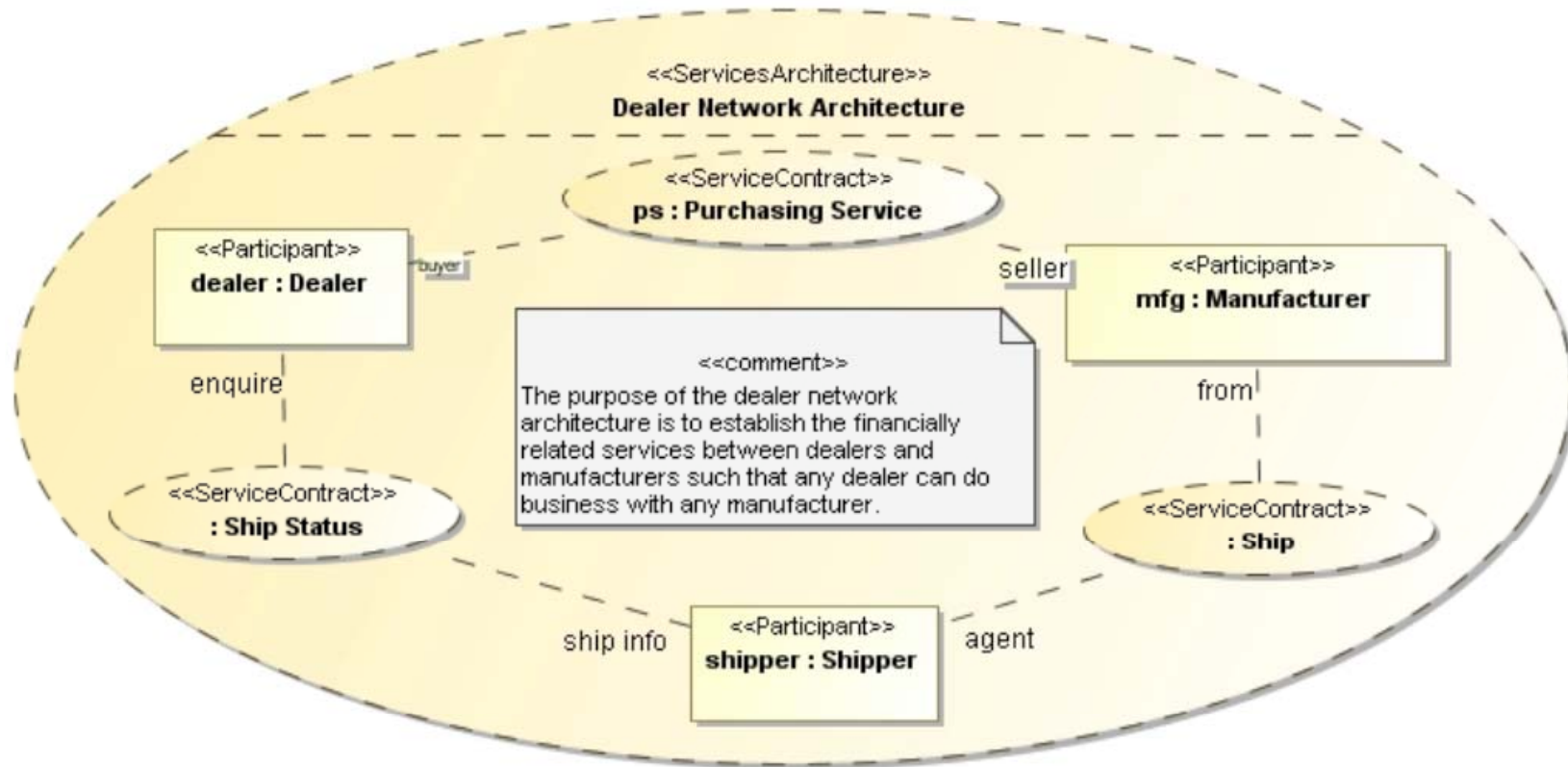


ESB - Enterprise Service Bus – The hart of SOA



Enterprise Service Bus Example

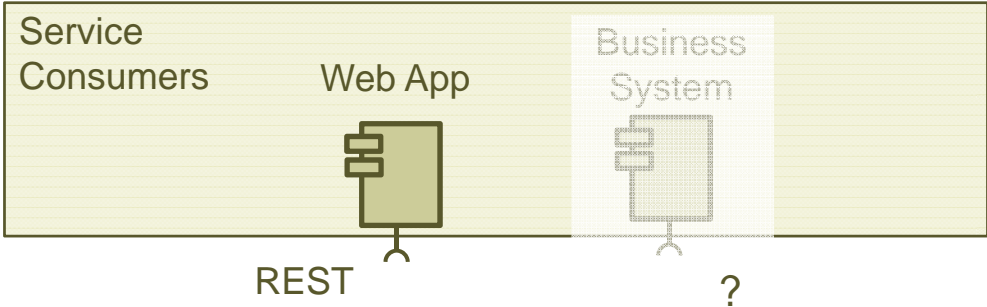
- **Example:** Purchase Order Process



- From SOA Modeling Language specification (UML Profile)

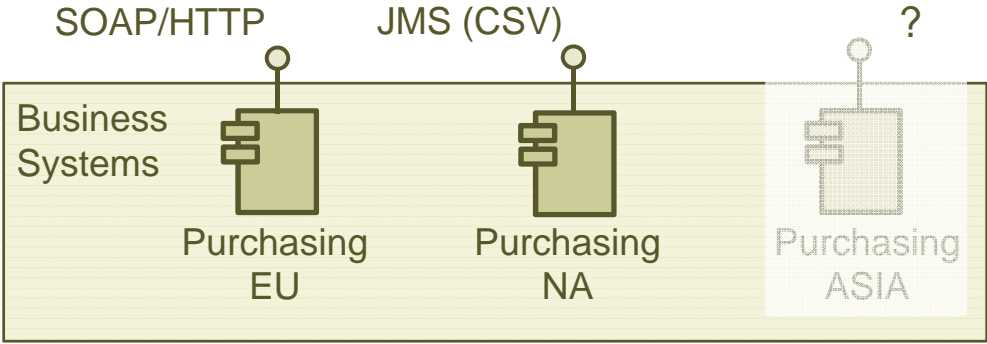
www.omg.org/docs/ad/08-08-04.pdf

Enterprise Service Bus Example



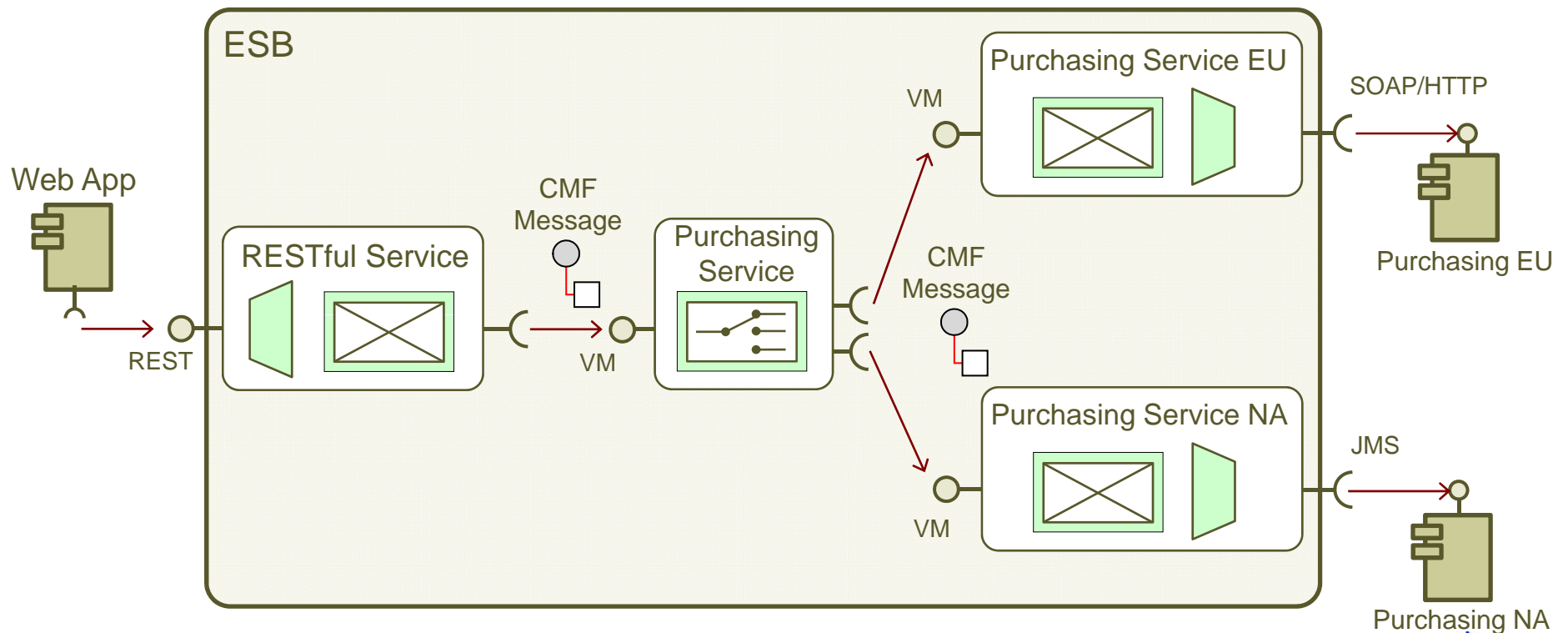
```

<<interface>>
Purchasing
+ processPurchaseOrder ( customerInfor : Customer, purchaseOrder : PurchaseOrder ) : Invoice
    
```

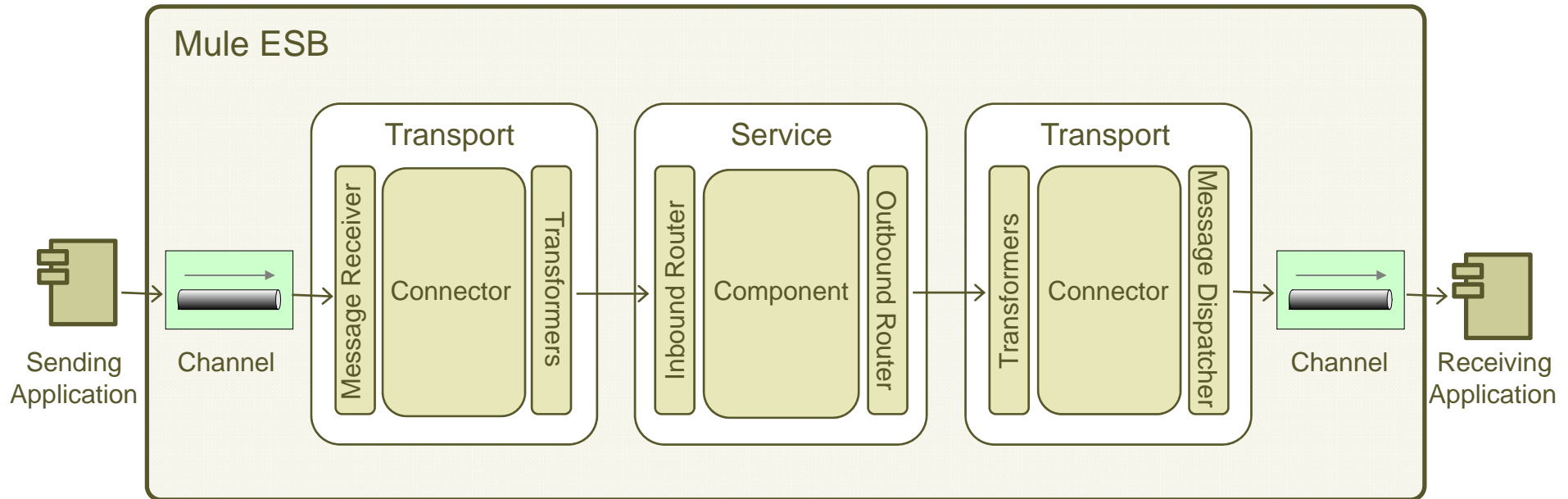


Architecture – ESB Usage Example

- Inside ESB
 - Only use internal messaging, VM - protocol
 - Only use Canonical Message Formats, CMF

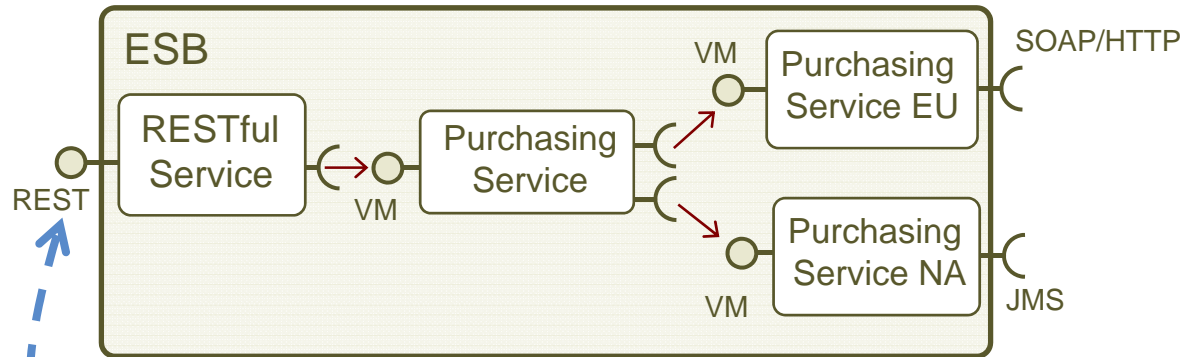


Introducing Mule ESB



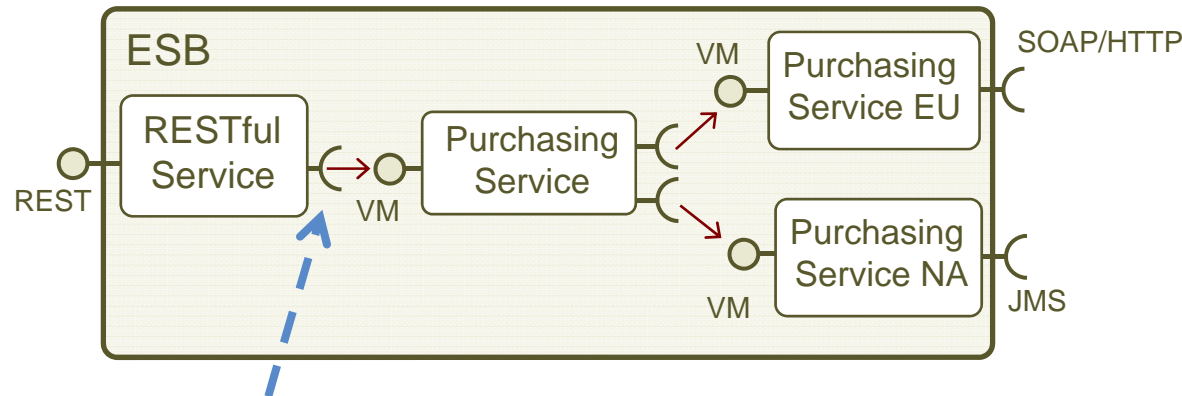
- Configuration based on Spring Framework
- Transports: <http://www.mulesource.org/display/MULE2USER/Available+Transports>
 - Additional available on <http://www.muleforge.org/activeprojects.php>
- Routers: <http://www.mulesource.org/display/MULE2USER/Using+Message+Routers>
- Transformation (using Smooks): <http://www.mulesource.org/display/SMOOKS/Home>

Enterprise Service Bus Example – Mule ESB



```
<service name="PurchasingService_Client">  
  
<inbound>  
  
<inbound-endpoint address="http://localhost:20000" synchronous="true">  
  <acegi:http-security-filter realm="mule-realm"/>  
</inbound-endpoint>  
  
</inbound>  
  
...
```

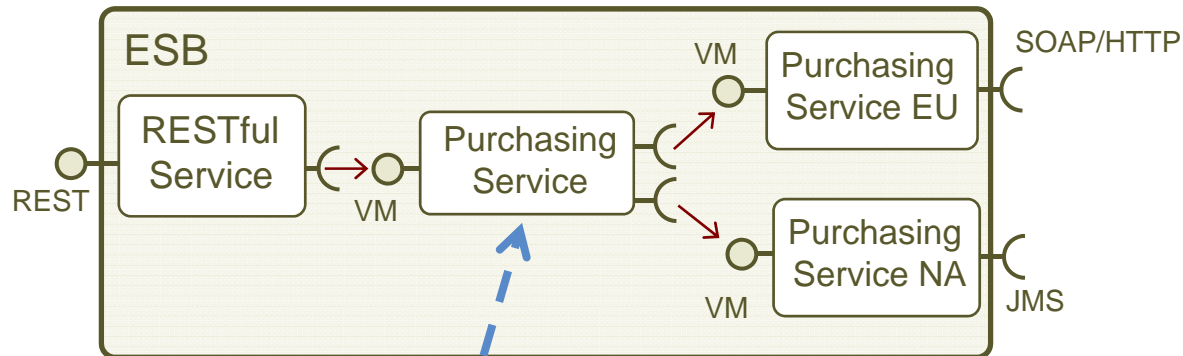
Enterprise Service Bus Example – Mule ESB



```
<outbound>
  <filtering-router>
    <outbound-endpoint address="vm://Purchasing" transformer-refs="PPO.RestToCmf"
      responseTransformer-refs="PPO.CmfToRest" synchronous="true" />
    <restlet:uri-template-filter pattern="/ProcessPurchaseOrder" verbs="POST" />
  </filtering-router>

  <filtering-router>
    <outbound-endpoint address="vm://GetPurchaseOrder"/>
    <restlet:uri-template-filter pattern="/purchaseOrder/{pold}" verbs="GET"/>
  </filtering-router>
</outbound>
</service>
```

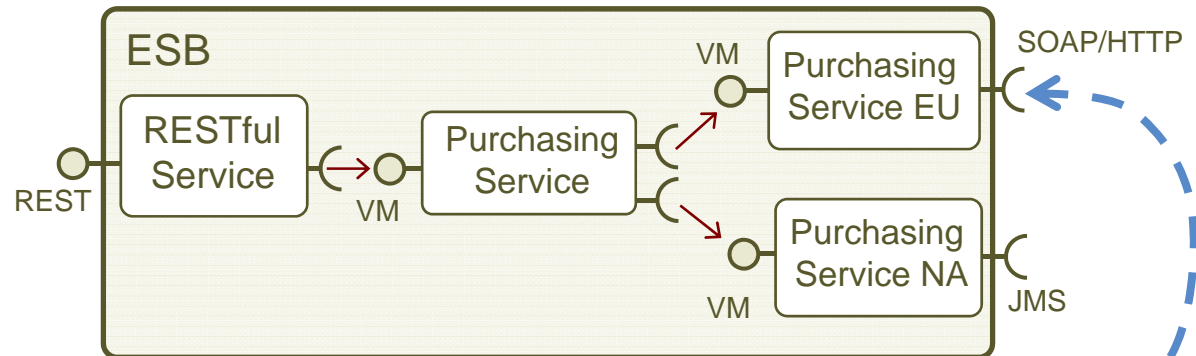
Enterprise Service Bus Example – Mule ESB



```
<service name="PurchasingService">
  <inbound>
    <inbound-endpoint address="vm://Purchasing" synchronous="true"/>
  </inbound>
  <outbound>
    <filtering-router>
      <outbound-endpoint address="vm://S1_PurchasingService_EU" synchronous="true"/>
      <message-property-filter pattern="ROLE=ROLE_USER_EU"/>
    </filtering-router>

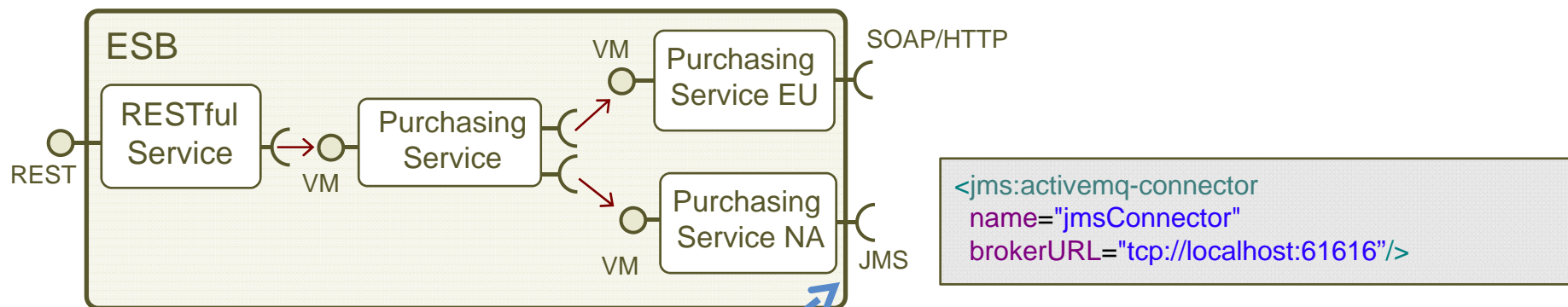
    <filtering-router>
      <outbound-endpoint address="vm://S2_PurchasingService_NA" synchronous="true"/>
      <message-property-filter pattern="ROLE=ROLE_USER_NA"/>
    </filtering-router>
  </outbound>
</service>
```


Enterprise Service Bus Example – Mule ESB



```
<service name="PurchasingService_EU">  
  <inbound>  
    <inbound-endpoint address="vm://S1_PurchasingService_EU" synchronous="true"/>  
  </inbound>  
  <outbound>  
    <pass-through-router>  
      <cxfr:outbound-endpoint  
        address="http://localhost:19000/Purchasing_EU"  
        wsdlLocation="classpath:/schemas/business/purchase/purchase-1.0.wsdl"  
        wsdlPort="PurchasingPort"  
        operation="ProcessPurchaseOrder"  
        clientClass="se.callista.soalab.purchase.wsdl.v1.PurchasingService"  
        synchronous="true"  
      />  
    </pass-through-router>  
  </outbound>  
</service>
```

Enterprise Service Bus Example – Mule ESB

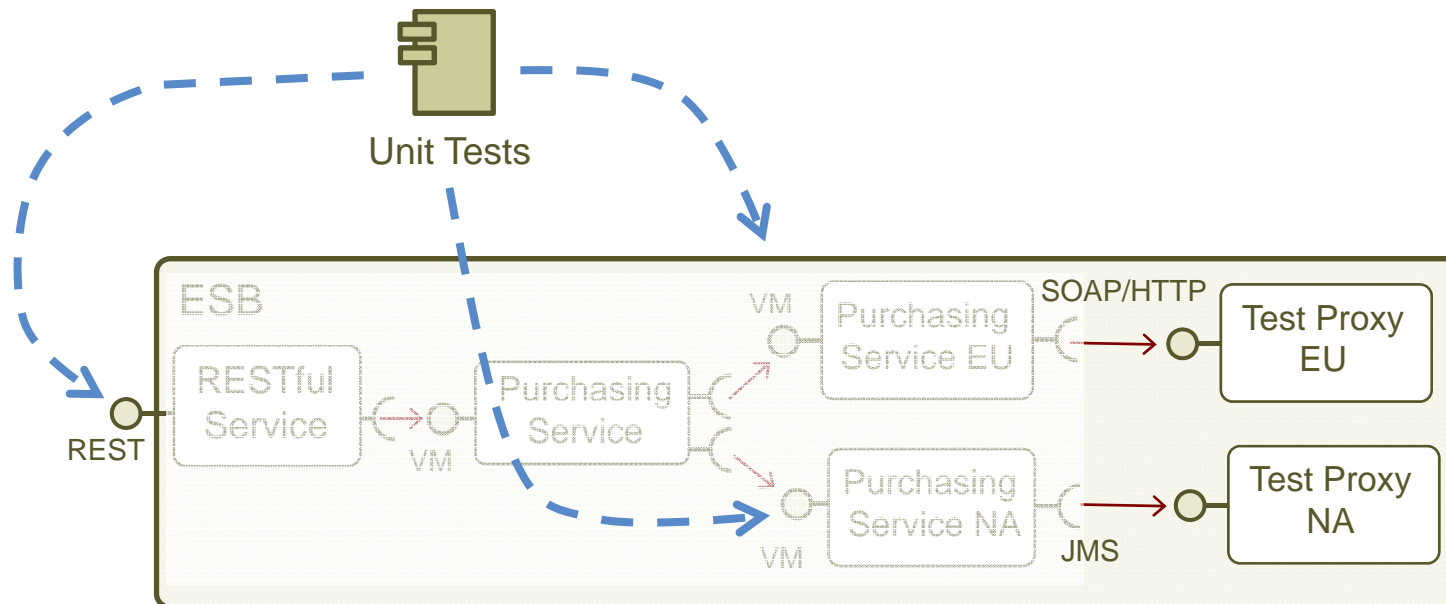


```
<service name="PurchasingService_NA">
...
<outbound>
  <pass-through-router>
    <outbound-endpoint address="jms://Soalab.PurchasingService_NA.Request"
      transformer-refs="..." synchronous="true"/>
    <reply-to address="jms://Soalab.PurchasingService_NA.Response" />
  </pass-through-router>
</outbound>

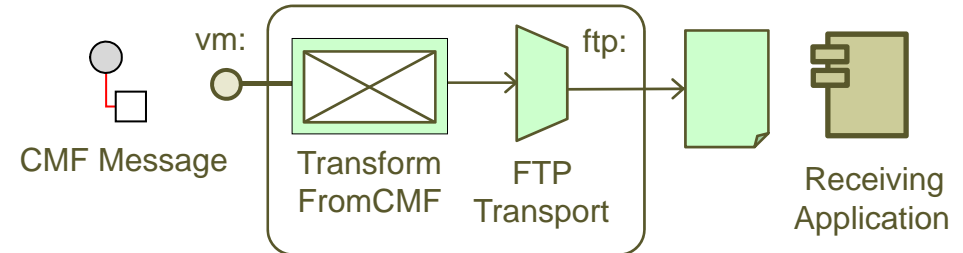
  <async-reply timeout="10000">
    <inbound-endpoint address="jms://Soalab.PurchasingService_NA.Response"
      transformer-refs="..." />
    <single-async-reply-router/>
  </async-reply>
</service>
```


Enterprise Service Bus Example – Mule ESB

- Unit testing services in Mule ESB
 - Test Proxy Services
 - Separate config-file
 - JUnit Tests
 - Mule base class initiates Mule ESB per test run



Mule ESB Connectivity - FTP



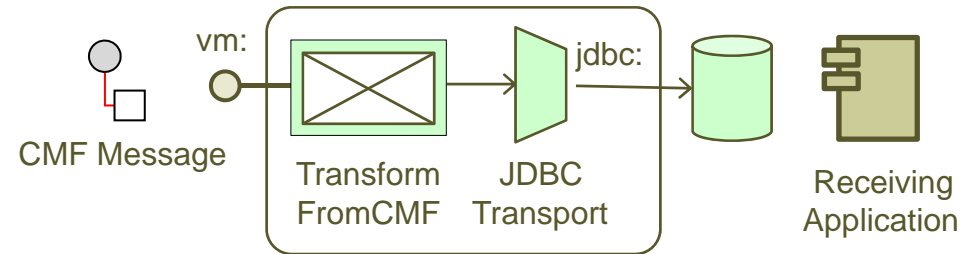
- Declare a FTP Connector

```
<ftp:connector  
  name="FtpConnector"  
  pollingFrequency="1000"  
  binary="true"  
  passive="true"  
  outputPattern="${ORIGINALNAME}_${DATE}.txt" />
```

- Send file to a FTP Server

```
<outbound-endpoint address="ftp://usr:pwd@server/dir"/>
```

Mule ESB Connectivity - JDBC



- Declare a JDBC Connector

```
<jdbc:connector name="jdbcConnector"  
  pollingFrequency="500" dataSource-ref="jdbcDataSource">  
  
  <jdbc:query key="insertImportData"  
    value="INSERT INTO IMPORT_TB (ID, VALUE)  
      VALUES (${map-payload:ID}, ${map-payload:VALUE})"/>  
  
</jdbc:connector>
```

- Insert records into staging table

```
<jdbc:outbound-endpoint queryKey="insertImportData"  
  transformer-refs="ToMap"/>
```

Mule ESB – Transaction and Error Handling

- Configure transactional endpoints

```
<jms|jdbc|vm:transaction action="ALWAYS_BEGIN"/>
```

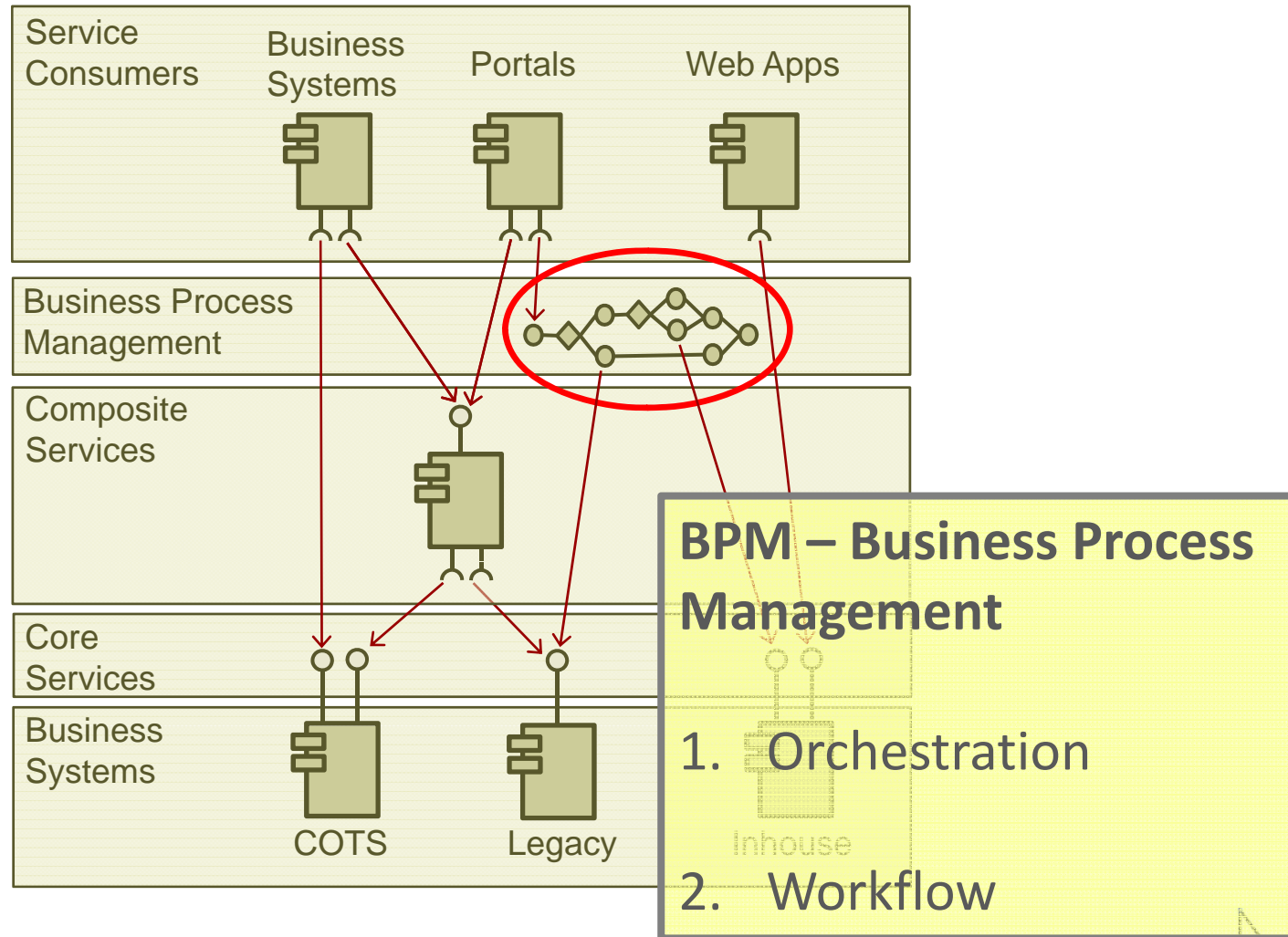
- Global XA transactions

```
<xa-transaction action="ALWAYS_JOIN"/>
```

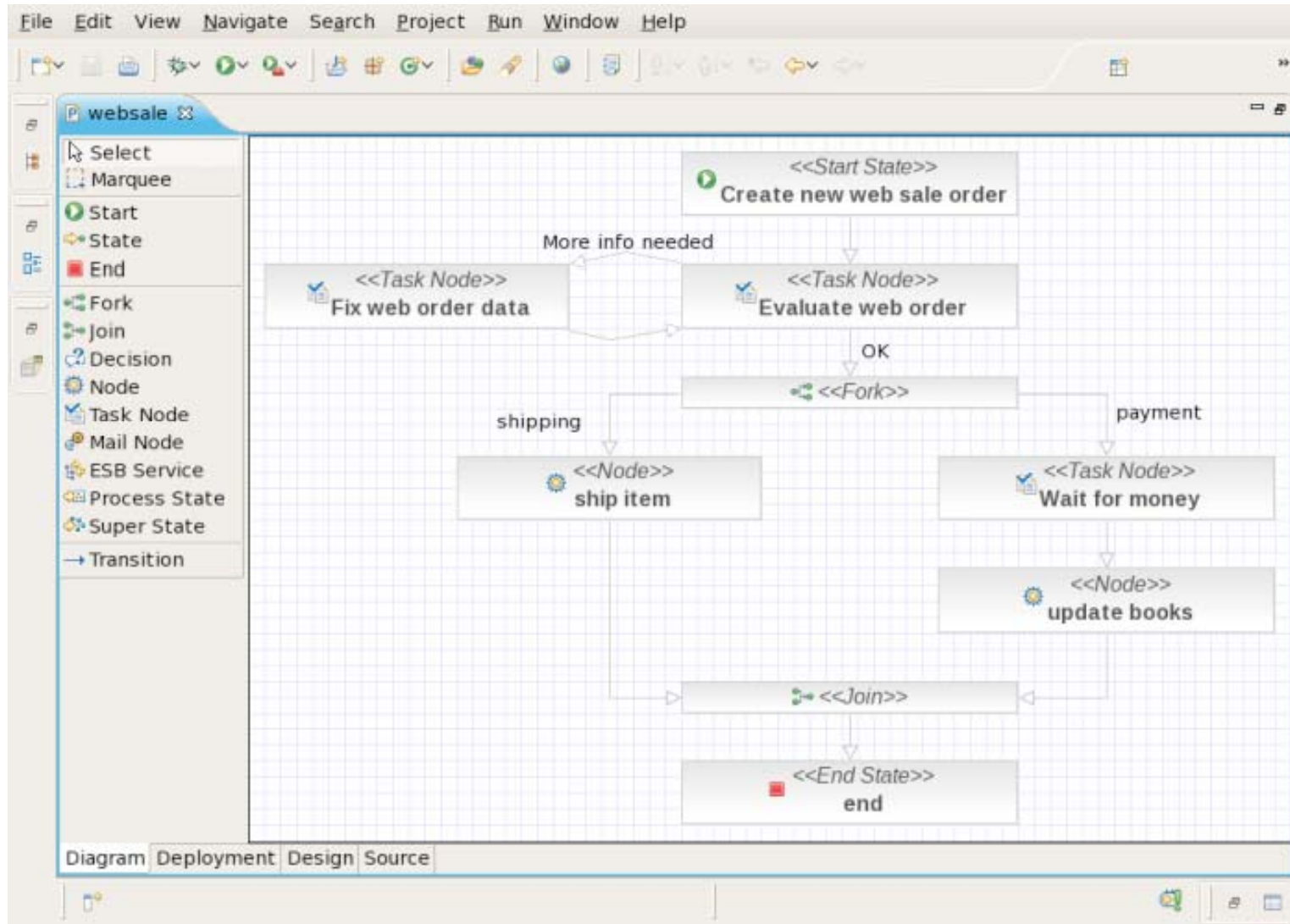
- Error handling including commit/rollback control

```
<default-service-exception-strategy>  
  
  <vm:outbound-endpoint path="S0_SystemErrorHandler"/>  
  
  <commit-transaction  
    exception-pattern="se.callista.soalab.BusinessException"/>  
  
</default-service-exception-strategy>
```

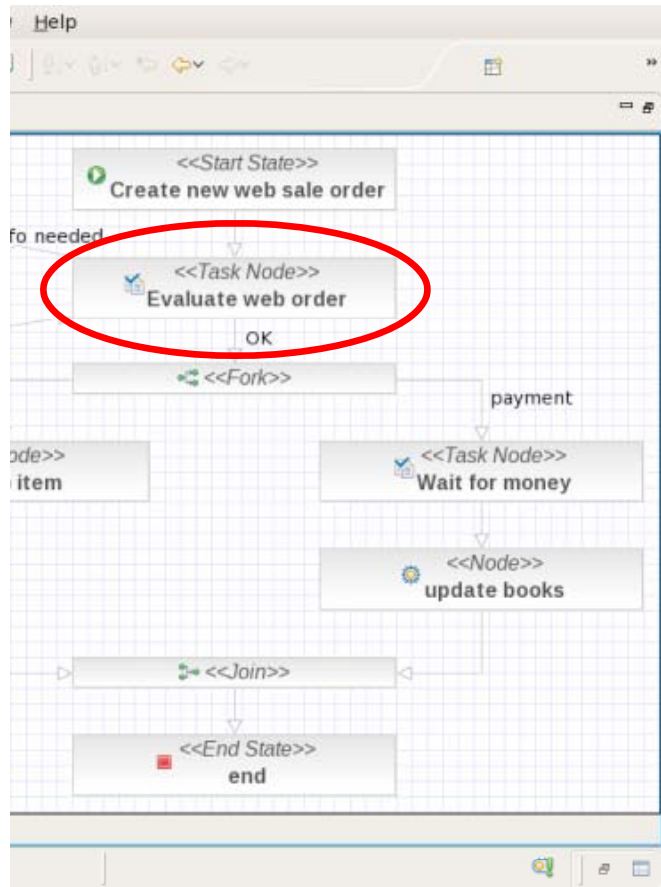
Building a SOA Reference Model...



BPM (JBoss jBPM)



BPM (JBoss jBPM)



JBoss jBPM Administration Console - Mozilla Firefox

micah.modell

http://localhost:8080/jbpm-console/

Logged in as: manager [Log Out](#)

JBoss a division of Red Hat

Manage: [Processes](#) [Tasks](#) [Jobs](#) [Identities](#)

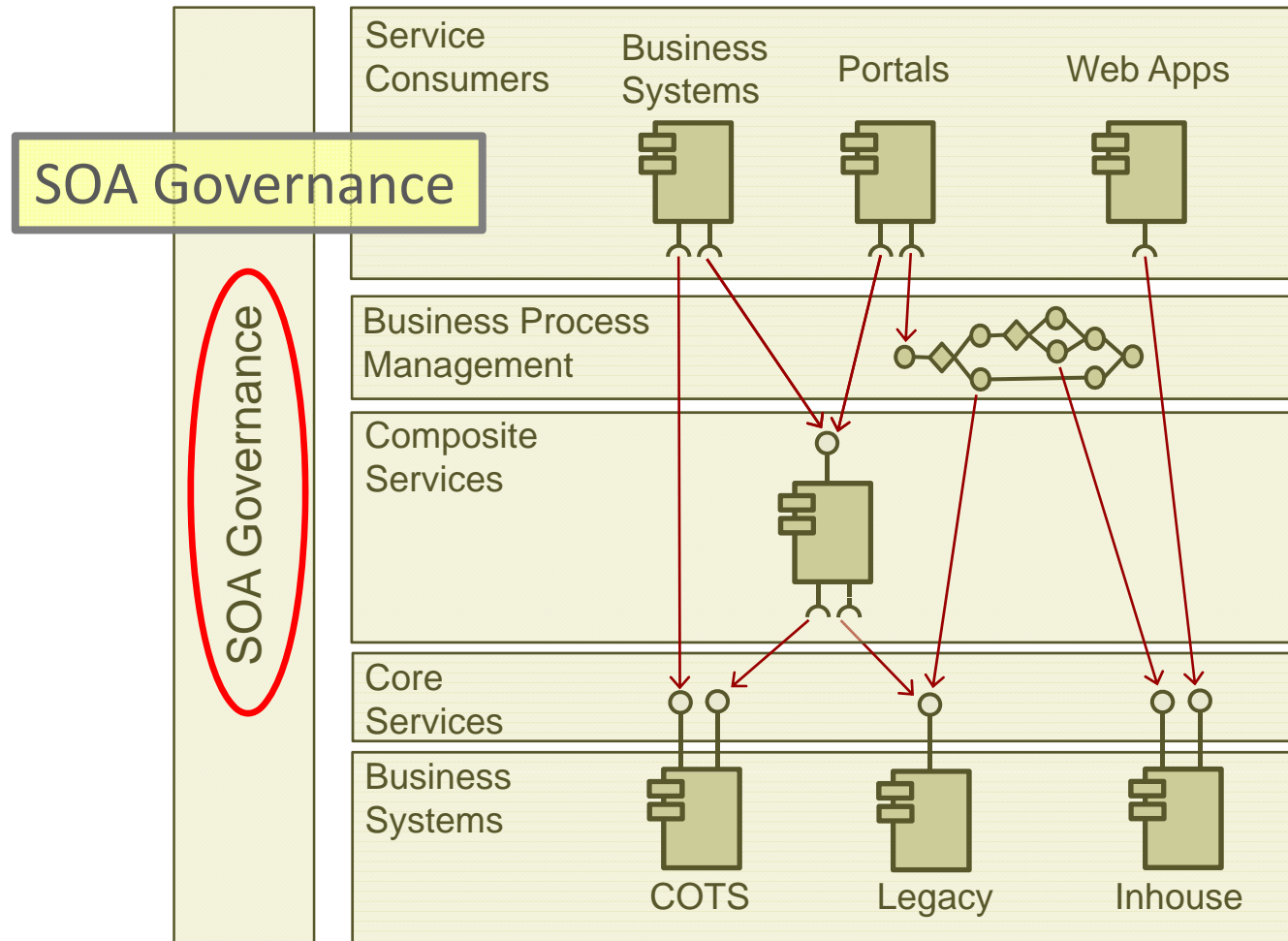
Tasks First Prev - Page 1 of 1 - Next Last

ID	Name	Pooled Actors	Assigned To	Status	Start Date	End Date	Actions
2	Evaluate web order		manager	Not Started			Examine Suspend Start

JBoss jBPM Administration Console

Done

Building a SOA Reference Model...



What is SOA Governance tools?

From <http://wso2.org/library/articles/soa-governance-wso2-registry-v1-1>

- To enable SOA governance, software industry responded with two different categories of tools, **registries** and **repositories**.
- A **registry** is a tool that keeps a list of services with their locations.
- On the other hand a **repository** functions as a tool that keeps information on how the services are used, how they interact, who is using the services and why they are used.
- These tools are considered as key enablers of **SOA Governance**. Usually these two technologies come together as an "Integrated" Registry-Repository, thus avoiding data duplication.

SOA Governance (Mule Galaxy)

The screenshot shows the Mule Galaxy web application interface. The browser address bar indicates the URL is `http://localhost:8080/#browse/local$9c544`. The user is signed in as Administrator. The main navigation menu includes Registry, Search, Activity, and Administration. The left sidebar contains options like Manage Workspace, Add Workspace, Add Artifact, Add Entry, and a Display menu with categories such as Java Archives (JARs), Mule 1 Configurations, Mule 2 Configurations, Other Artifacts, Spring Configurations, WS-Policy Documents, WSDL Documents, XML Schemas, and XSLT Stylesheets.

The main content area displays the configuration for the 'scalab' workspace. It includes a table for Mule 2 Configurations and a table for WSDL Documents.

Name	Version	Services	Endpoints	Models
soalab-purchase-config.xml	1.0	5	0	0

Name	Target Namespace	Version	Services	Bindings	Port Types
purchase-1.0.wsdl	urn:soalab:purchase:v1	1.0	1	1	1

Name	Version
client-1.0.xsd	1.0
header-1.0.xsd	1.0
purchase-1.0.xsd	1.0

Mule Galaxy, Copyright 2008 MuleSource, Inc.

SOA Governance (Mule Galaxy)

The screenshot displays the Mule Galaxy web application interface. At the top, the browser address bar shows the URL `http://localhost:8080/#artifact/local$645e17a4-4589-4565-acc0-9aa`. The page header includes the Mule Galaxy logo and a user session indicator: "Signed in as: Administrator" with a "Sign out" link. A navigation menu contains "Registry", "Search", "Activity", and "Administration".

The main content area shows the details for an artifact located at `/Applications/soalab/soalab-purchase-config.xml` with version `1.0`. Action links include "View Artifact", "Permalink", "New Version", "Delete", and "Version Feed". Below this, there are tabs for "Info", "History", and "Security".

The "Details" section provides the following information:

- Name: `soalab-purchase-config.xml`
- Type: Mule 2 Configurations (application/mule2+xml)
- Description: (empty)

The "Metadata" section includes links for "Show All" and "Add". The "Versioned Metadata" section also includes "Show All" and "Add" links and lists associated artifacts:

- Mule 2 Models: `soalab-model`
- Mule 2 Services: `PurchasingService_Client, PurchasingService, PurchasingService_EU, PurchasingService_NA, BAM-Alert-Component`
- Primary lifecycle: `Default - Created`

At the bottom of the artifact details, there is a "Comments" section with an "Add" button. The footer of the application states "Mule Galaxy, Copyright 2008 MuleSource, Inc." and the browser status bar shows "Klar".

SOA Governance (Mule Galaxy)

The screenshot shows the Mule Galaxy web application interface. The browser address bar shows `http://localhost:8080/#search`. The page is signed in as Administrator. The main navigation menu includes Registry, Search, Activity, and Administration. The Search tab is active, displaying a search query: `select artifact where documentType = {http://www.mulesource.org/schema/mule/core/2.1}mule`. Below the query is a "Use Structured Query" link and buttons for Search, Clear, and Cancel. The search results are displayed as a table titled "Mule 2 Configurations".

Name	Version	Services	Endpoints	Models
soalab-purchase-config.xml	1.0	5	0	0
mule-config.xml	1.5.1	1	0	0
hello-config-mule2.xml	0.1	4	1	0

Additional interface elements include a left sidebar with "Add Workspace", "Add Artifact", "Add Entry", and "View New..." options, and a "Display" section listing various artifact types like Java Archives (JARs), Mule 1 Configurations, Mule 2 Configurations, Other Artifacts, Spring Configurations, WS-Policy Documents, WSDL Documents, XML Schemas, and XSLT Stylesheets. The footer of the application shows "Mule Galaxy, Copyright 2008 MuleSource, Inc." and a status bar with "Klar".

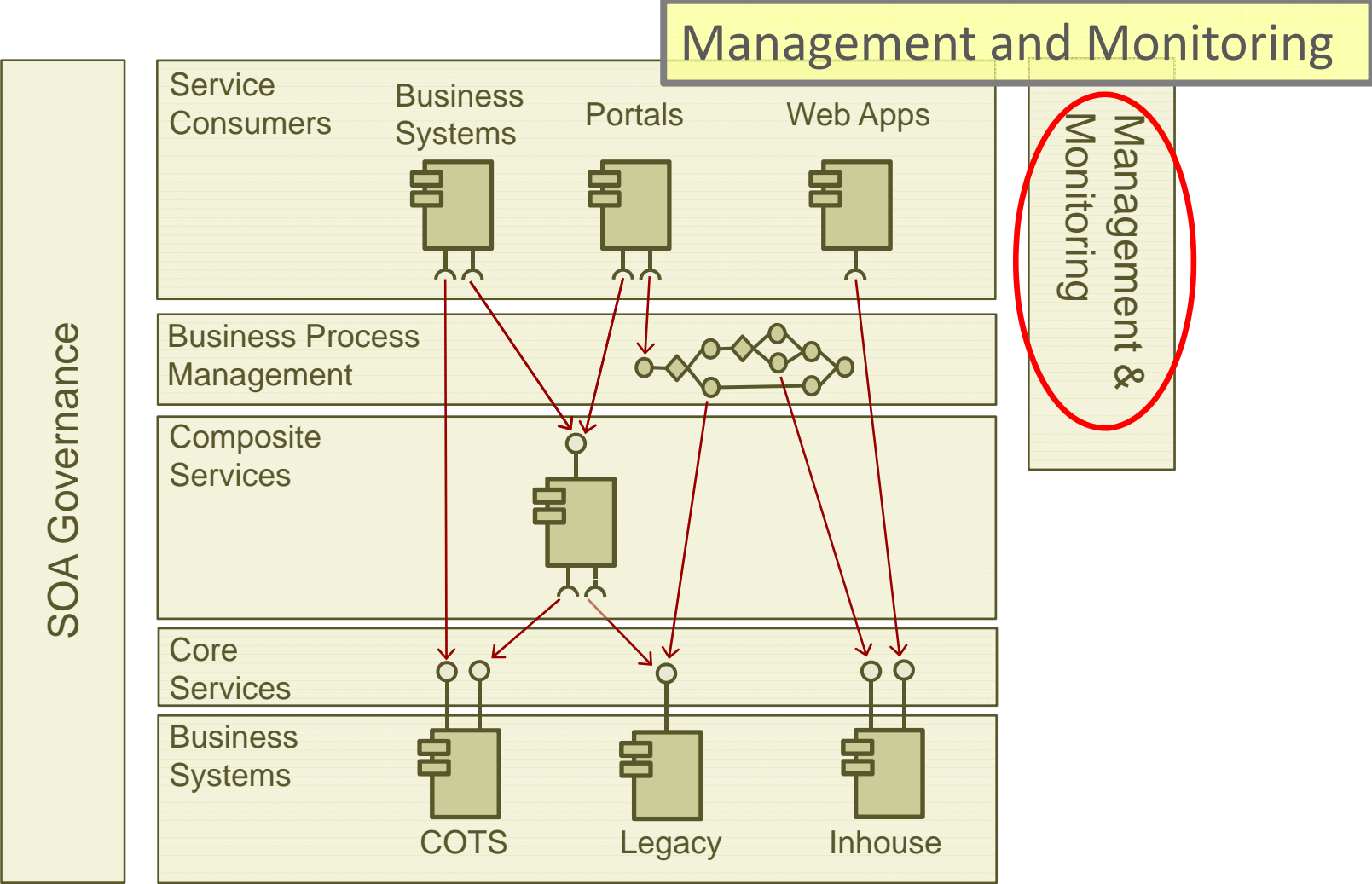
SOA Governance (Mule Galaxy)

- ATOM API – Query example

```
http://localhost:8080/api/registry?  
q=select artifact where documentType =  
{http://www.mulesource.org/schema/mule/core/2.1}mule
```

```
<feed xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2005/Atom">  
  <entry>  
    <link  
      href="/api/registry/Applications/soalab/soalab-purchase-config.xml;atom"/>  
    <title type="text">soalab-purchase-config.xml</title>  
    ...  
  </entry>  
  <entry>  
    <link  
      href="/api/registry/Default%20Workspace/hello-config-mule2.xml;atom" />  
    <title type="text">hello-config-mule2.xml</title>  
    ...  
  </entry>  
  ...  
</feed>
```

Building a SOA Reference Model...



Management and Monitoring (Mule HQ)

The screenshot displays the Mule HQ web interface. At the top, the user is logged in as 'hqadmin' with a 'Logout' link. A navigation bar includes 'Dashboard', 'Browse Resources', 'Alert Center', 'Report Center', and 'Mule Center'. The current page is 'Servers > All Servers'. A search bar is present with the text 'Keywords' and a play button. Below the search bar, a summary bar shows: 'Platforms (2) | Servers (2) | Services (32) | Compatible Groups/Clusters (0) | Mixed Groups (0) | Applications (0)'. The 'View' dropdown is set to 'All Server Types'. There are two view options: 'CHART VIEW' and 'LIST VIEW', with 'LIST VIEW' being the active one. The main content is a table with the following data:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Server ▲	Server Type	Description	Availability
<input type="checkbox"/>	M I A AKUZMIN1 Mule 1.4	Mule 1.4		✓
<input type="checkbox"/>	M I A muleteer Mule 1.4	Mule 1.4		✓

At the bottom of the table area, there are 'GROUP' and 'DELETE' buttons, and a summary: 'Total: 2 Items Per Page: 15' with a dropdown arrow.

Management and Monitoring (Mule HQ)

The screenshot displays the Mule HQ monitoring interface for a platform named AKUZMIN1. The interface is organized into several sections:

- System Information:** Located at the top, it provides details such as Description (Microsoft Windows XP), Owner (HQ Administrator), Vendor (Microsoft), IP Address (172.30.46.37), OS Version (5.1), and Hardware specs like RAM (2040 MB).
- Navigation:** A top menu bar includes options like Dashboard, Browse Resources, Alert Center, Report Center, Mule Center, Administration, Recent Resources, and Help.
- Platform Health:** A central section with tabs for MONITOR, INVENTORY, and ALERT. It features a 'Platform Services Health' section with a table of deployed servers and their availability status.
- Indicator Charts:** A section on the right showing real-time metrics for Cpu Usage, Free Memory, and Swap Used, each with a bar chart and summary statistics (Low, Avg, Peak).
- Tools Menu:** A sidebar on the right offers actions like 'Configure Platform', 'New Server', and 'New Platform Service'.

Server Name	Availability
AKUZMBH1 JET 2.9	Unavailable
AKUZMBH1 HQ Agent 3.1.x-EE	Unavailable
AKUZMBH1 HQ JBoss 4.x	Unavailable
AKUZMBH1 Mule 1.4	Available
AKUZMBH1 Oracle 9i	Unavailable
AKUZMBH1 Tomcat 5.5	Unavailable

Metric	Low	Avg	Peak
Cpu Usage (Win32)	7.4%	15.0%	43.0%
Free Memory (Win32)	86.8 MB	122.1 MB	130.3 MB
Swap Used (Win32)	2.3 GB	2.3 GB	2.3 GB

Management and Monitoring (Mule HQ)

The screenshot displays the 'CONTROL' tab of the Mule HQ interface. At the top, there are navigation tabs: MONITOR, INVENTORY, ALERT, CONTROL (selected), and PROFILER. Below these are sub-tabs: CURRENT (selected) and HISTORY. A green notification bar at the top states: 'Quick Control action start scheduled to be executed immediately.'

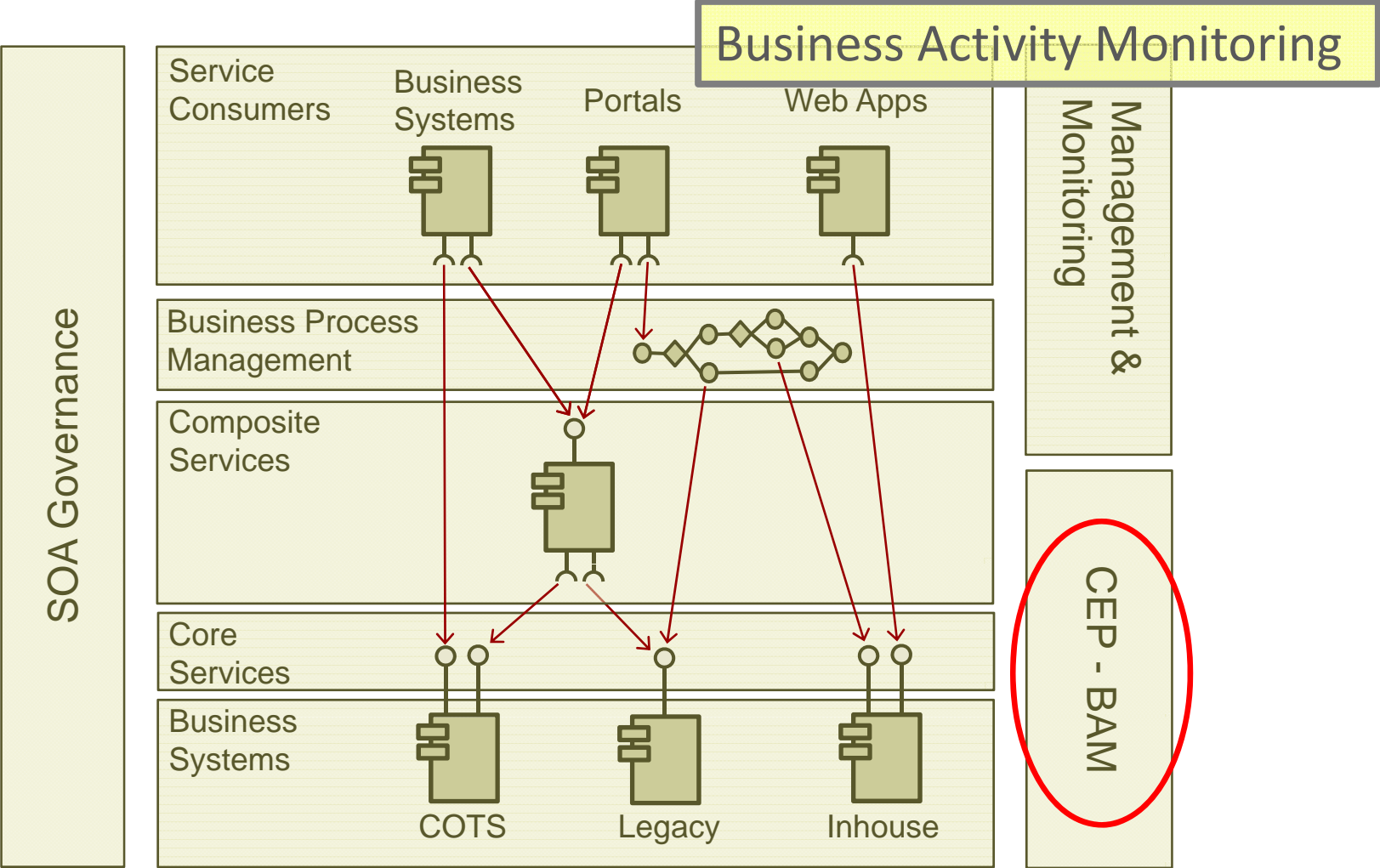
The 'Current Status' section shows:

- Control Action: start
- Command State: In Progress
- Command Status:
- Elapsed Time: 516ms
- Description:
- Date Started: 06/04/2008 10:47:58 AM
- Date Scheduled: 06/04/2008 10:47:57 AM

The 'Quick Control' section includes a dropdown menu for 'Control Action' with options: Select..., Start (highlighted), Stop, and Restart. A play button is next to the dropdown. Below it is a text input field for 'Control Arguments (optional)'. A note states: 'Quick Control Actions will occur after the current Control Action.' and 'Quick Control Actions will be done in parallel to all resources.'

The 'Control Action Schedule' section features a table with columns: Control Action, Next Fire, Date Scheduled, and Description. Below the table are 'NEW...' and 'DELETE' buttons.

Building a SOA Reference Model...



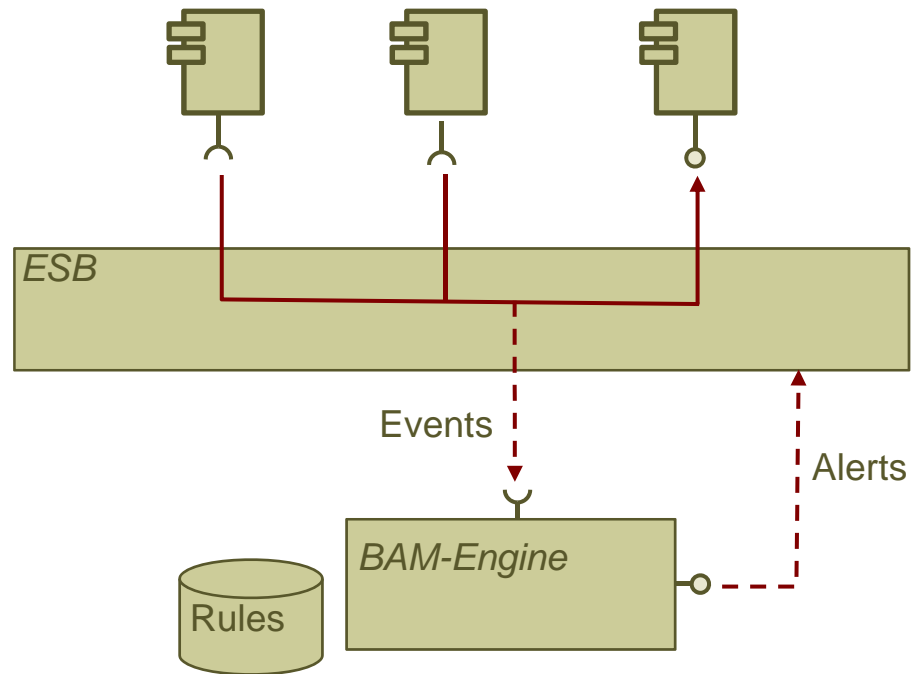
What is BAM & CEP?

- **Business Activity Monitoring (BAM)** and **Complex Event Processing (CEP)**

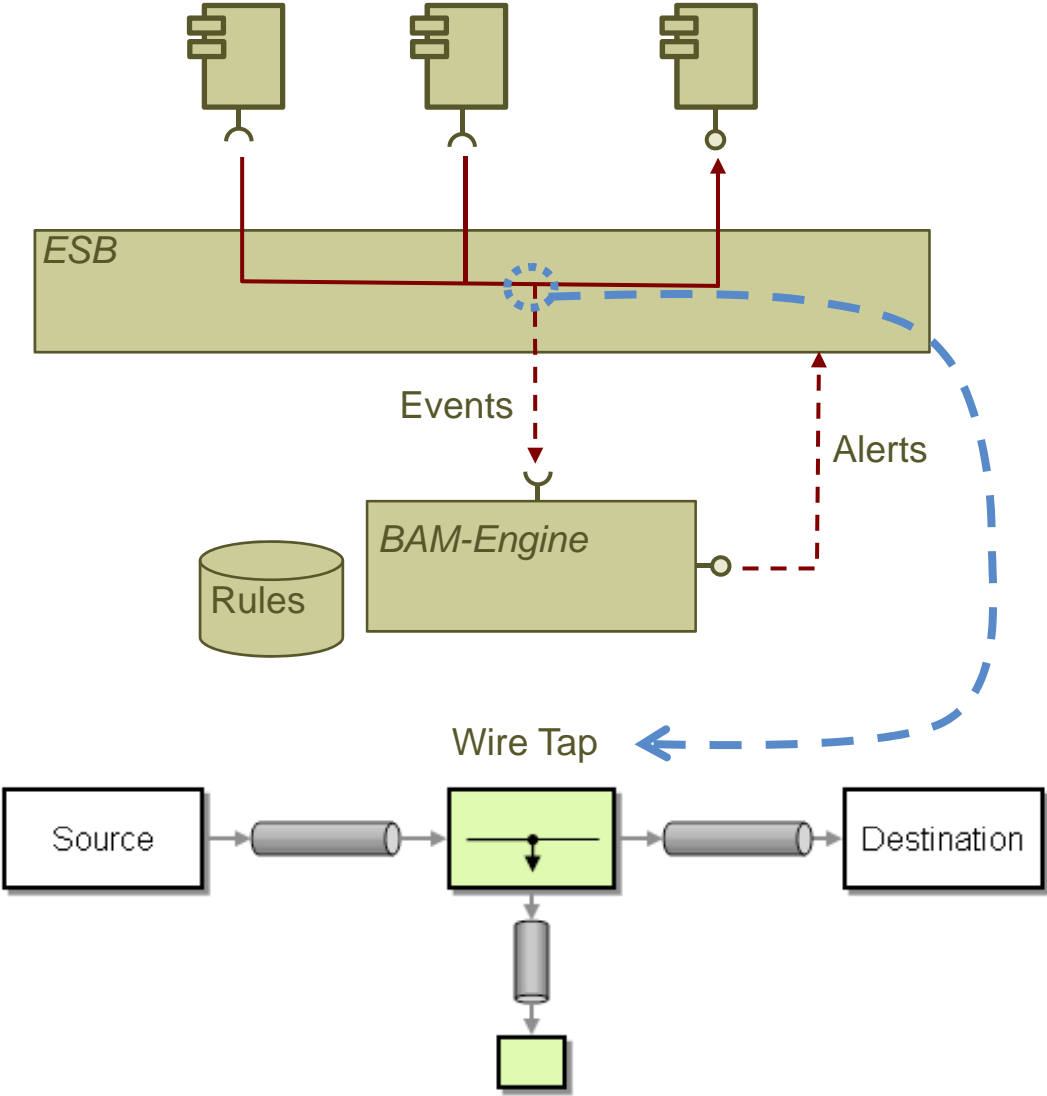
can be defined as (from www.eventstreamprocessing.com):

- *"Software technology that enables applications to monitor multiple streams of event data, analyze them in terms of **Key Performance Indicators (KPI)** that are expressed in event rules, and act upon opportunities and threats in real time, potentially by creating derived events, or forwarding raw events."*

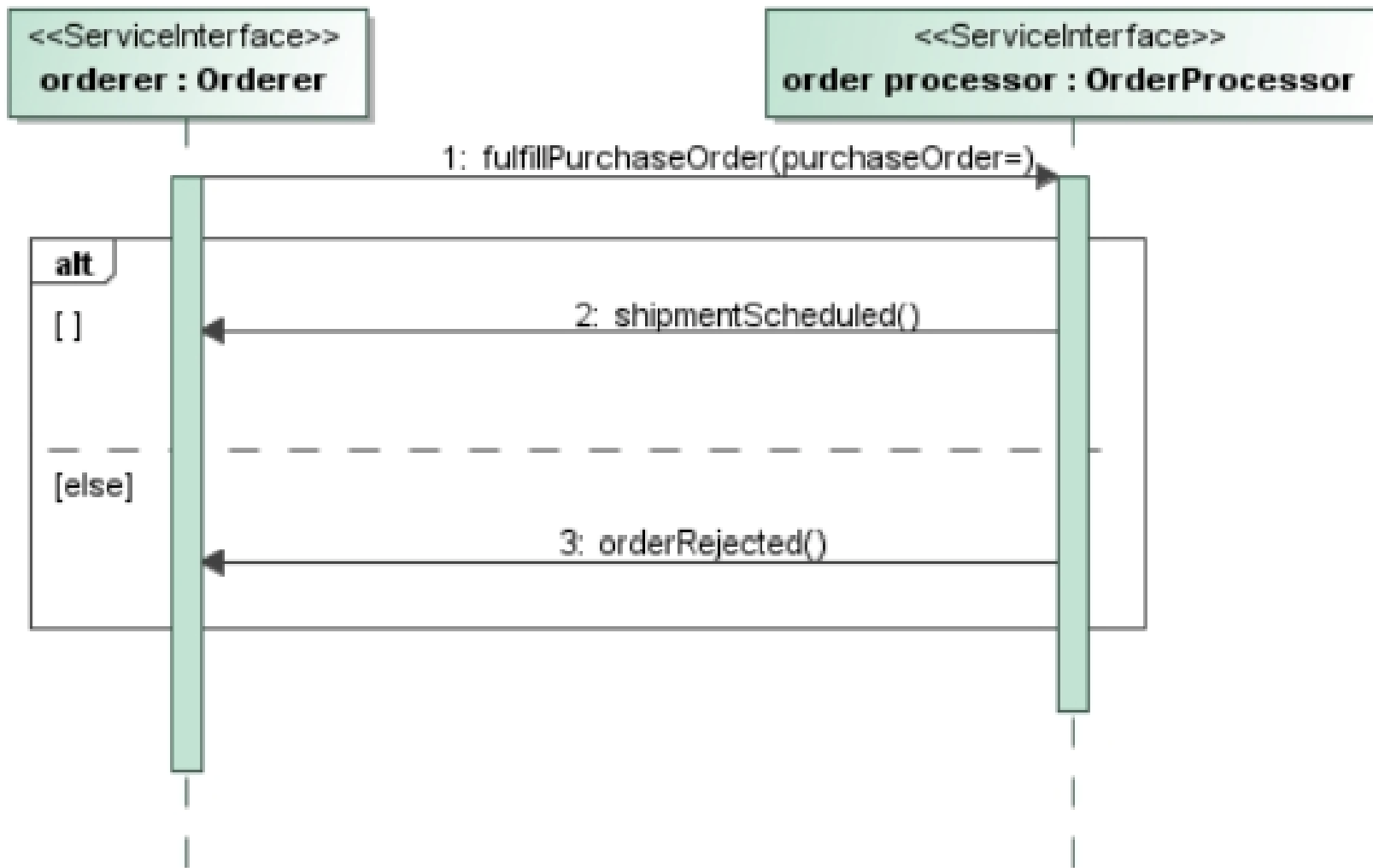
Business Activity Monitoring (Esper)



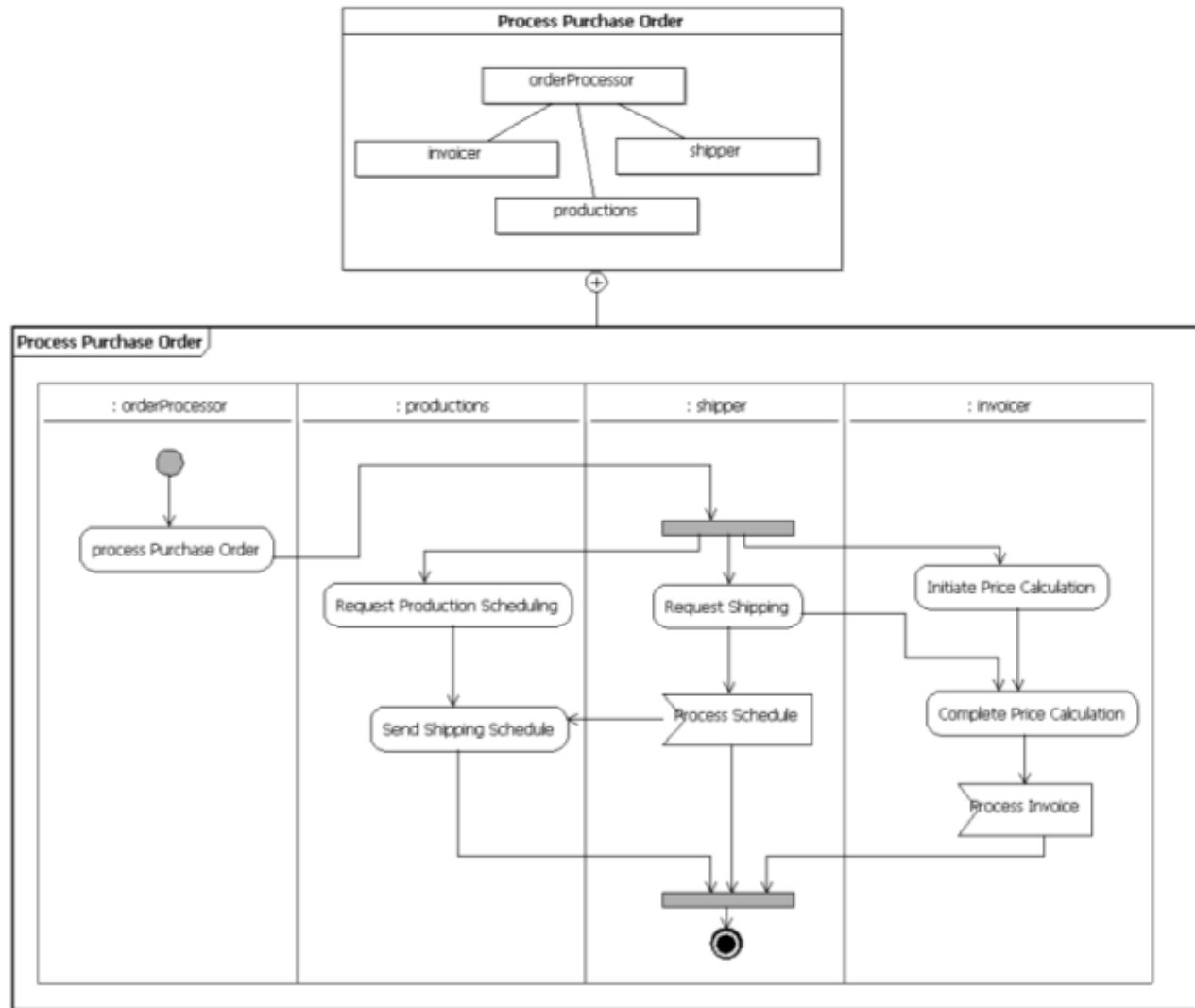
Business Activity Monitoring (Esper)



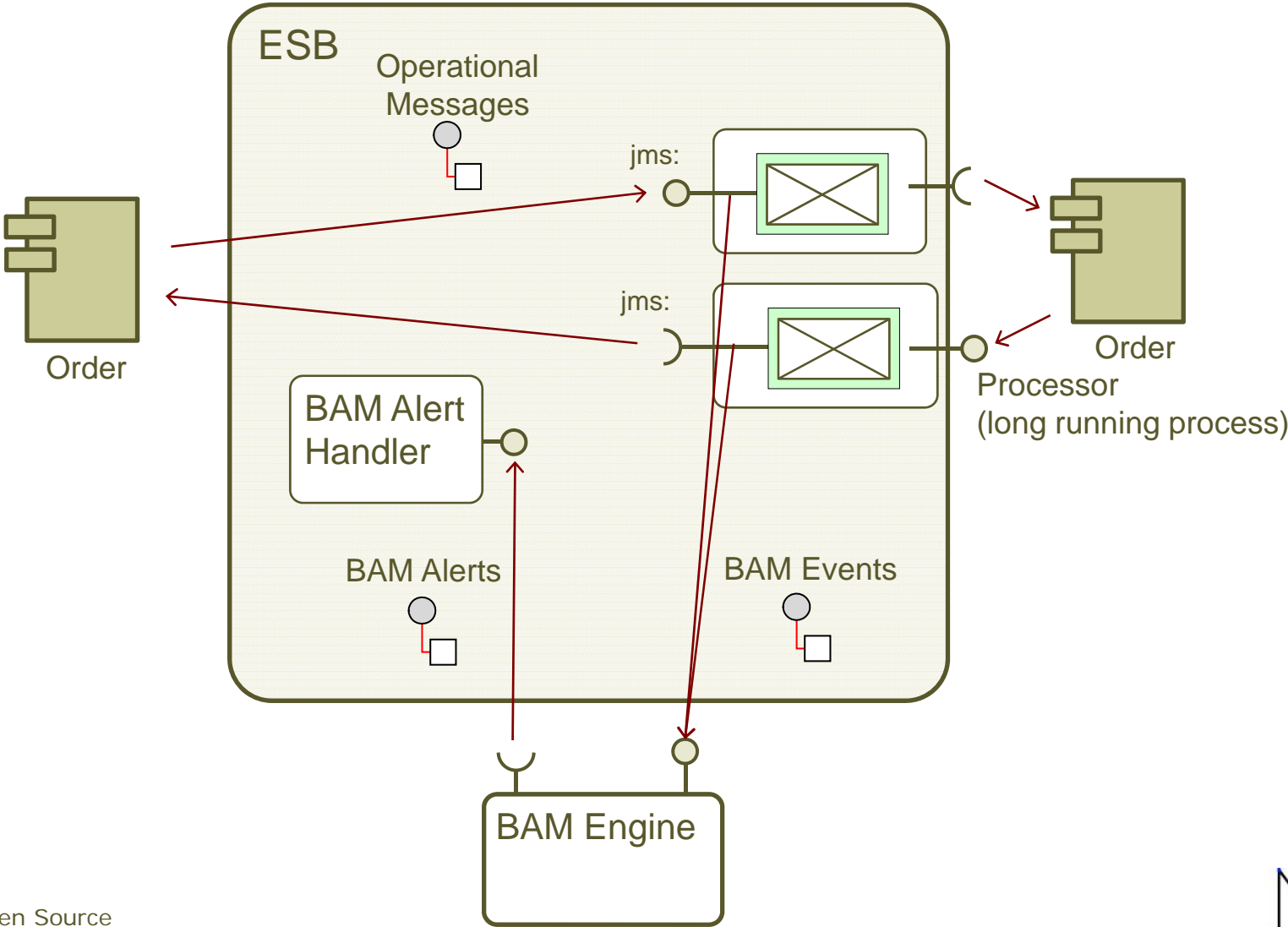
Business Activity Monitoring (Esper)



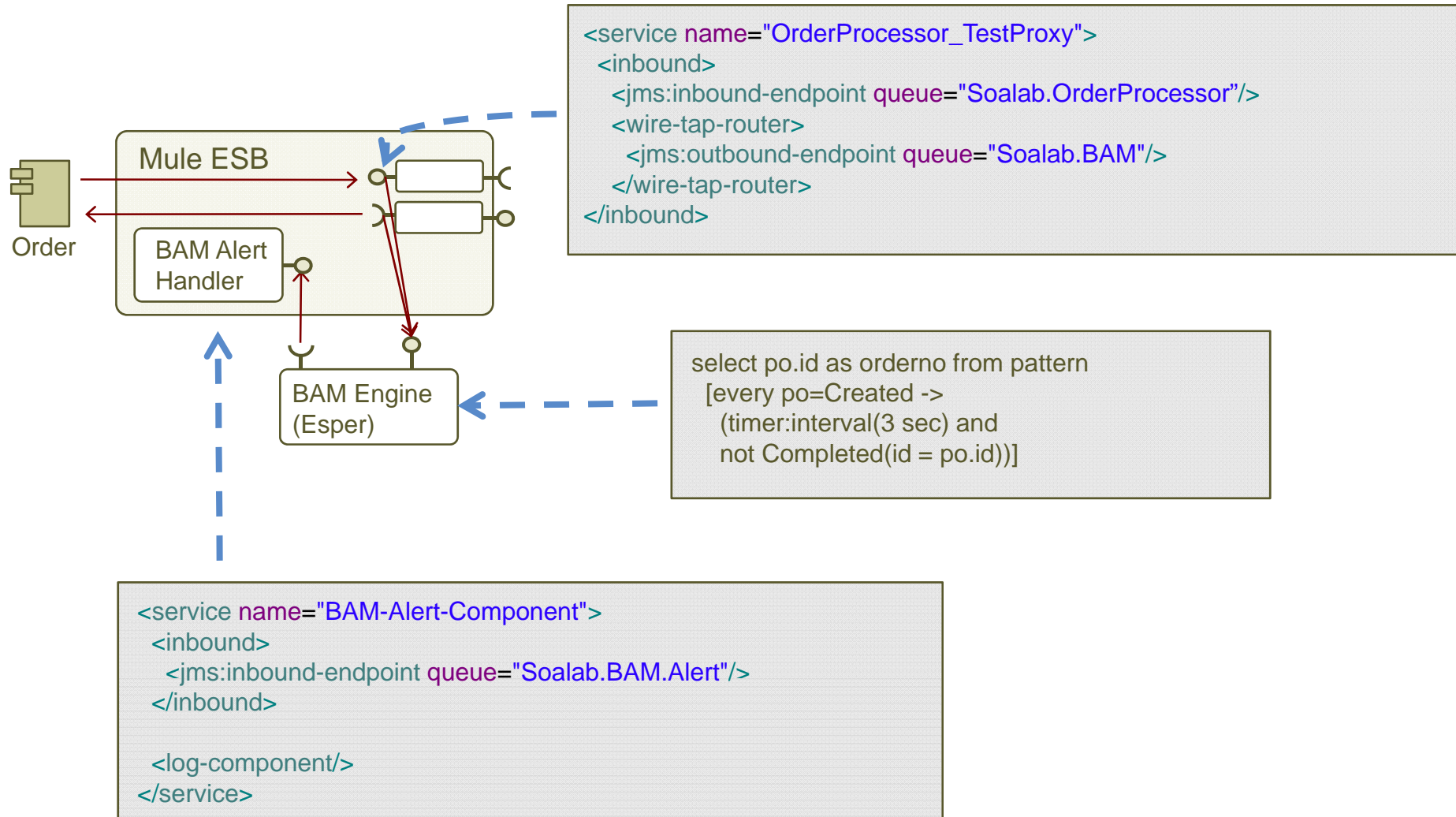
Business Activity Monitoring (Esper)



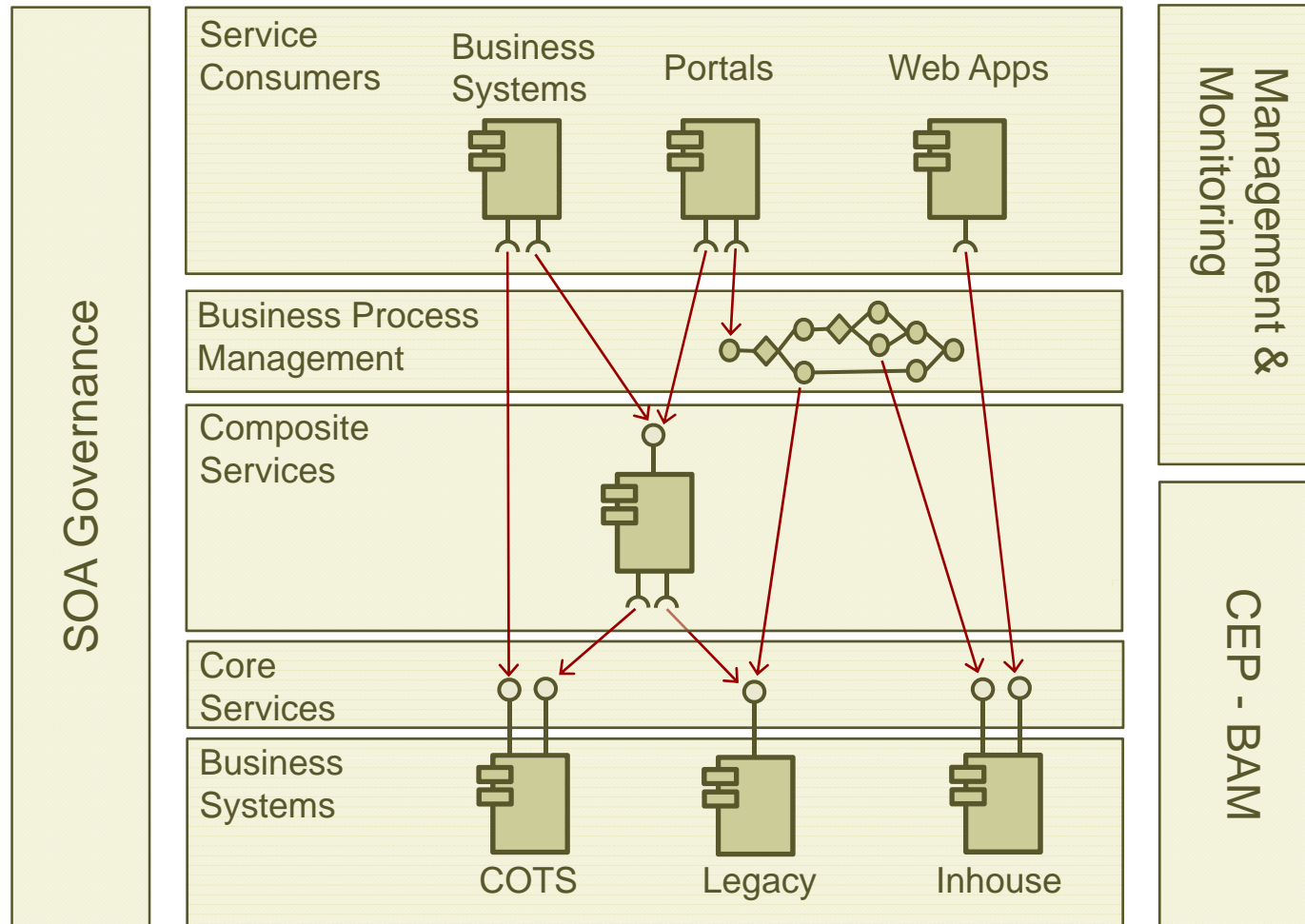
Business Activity Monitoring (Esper)



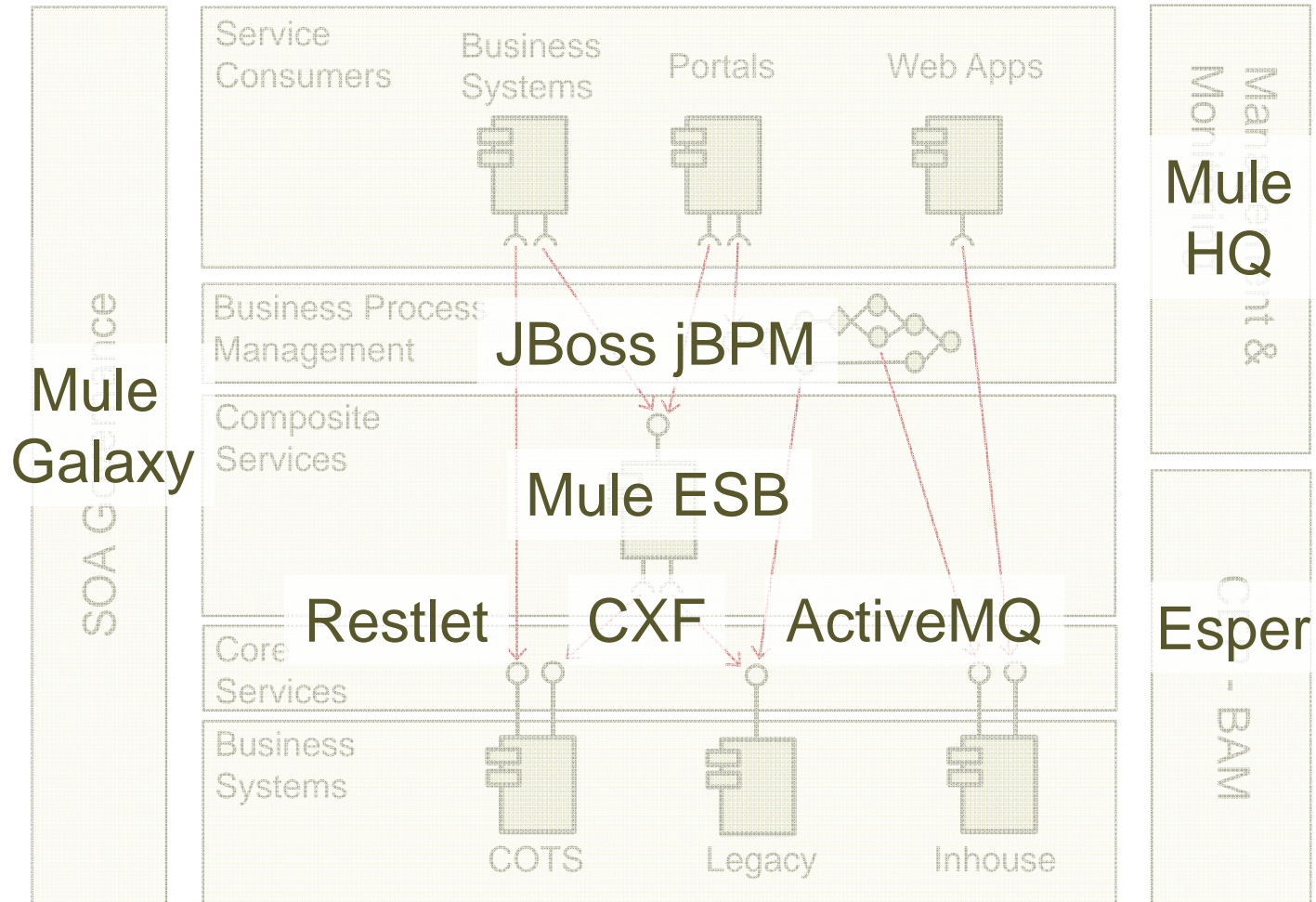
Business Activity Monitoring (Esper)



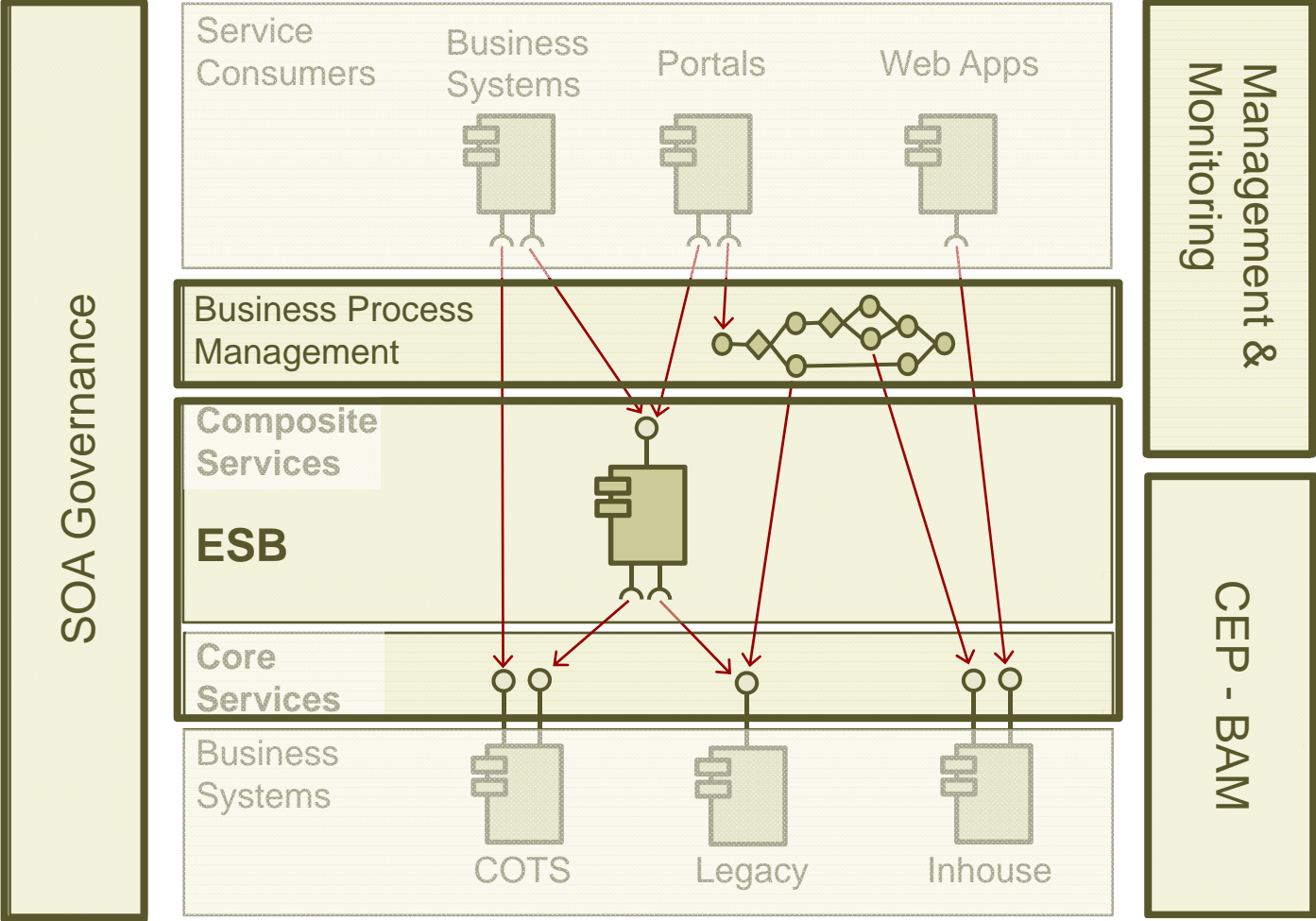
SOA Reference Model, the complete picture



A sample Open Source SOA Sandbox



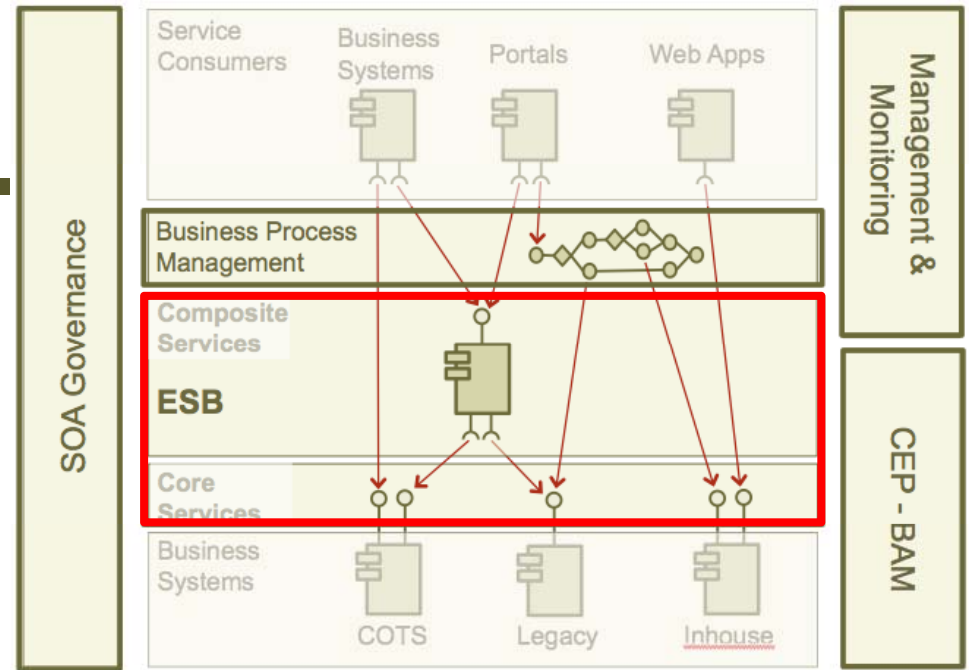
SOA Product Areas



Open Source SOA

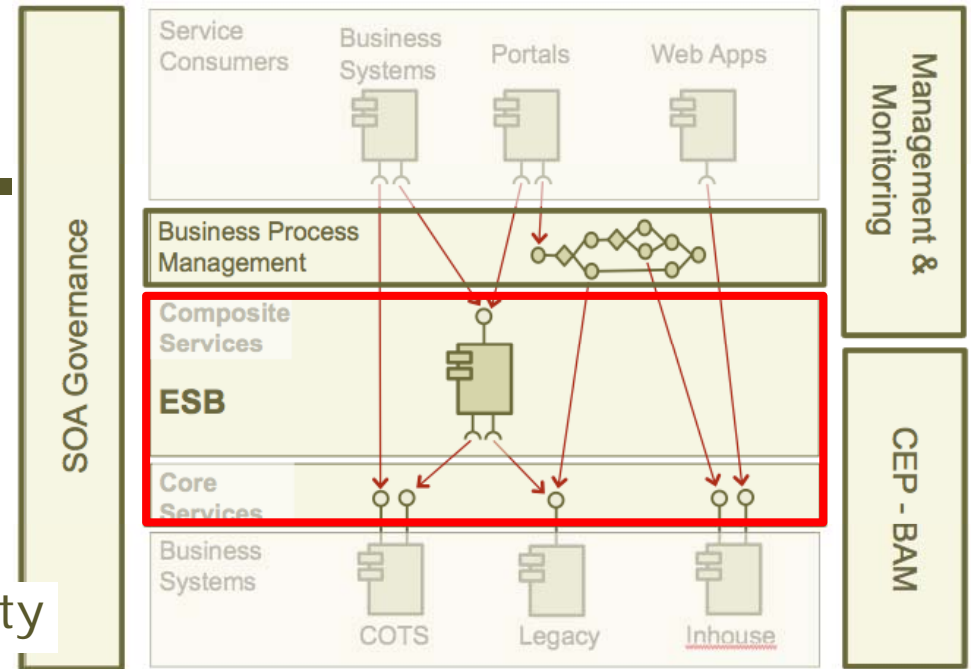
- ESB
 - MuleSource Mule ESB
 - Apache ServiceMix
 - Sun OpenESB

- "ESB building blocks"
 - Apache Synapse (WS + XML focus)
 - Apache Camel (EIP library)



Open Source SOA

- ESB Connectivity - Web Services
 - Apache CXF
 - Apache Axis
 - Sun Metro (WS-IT)
 - MS .Net WCF interoperability

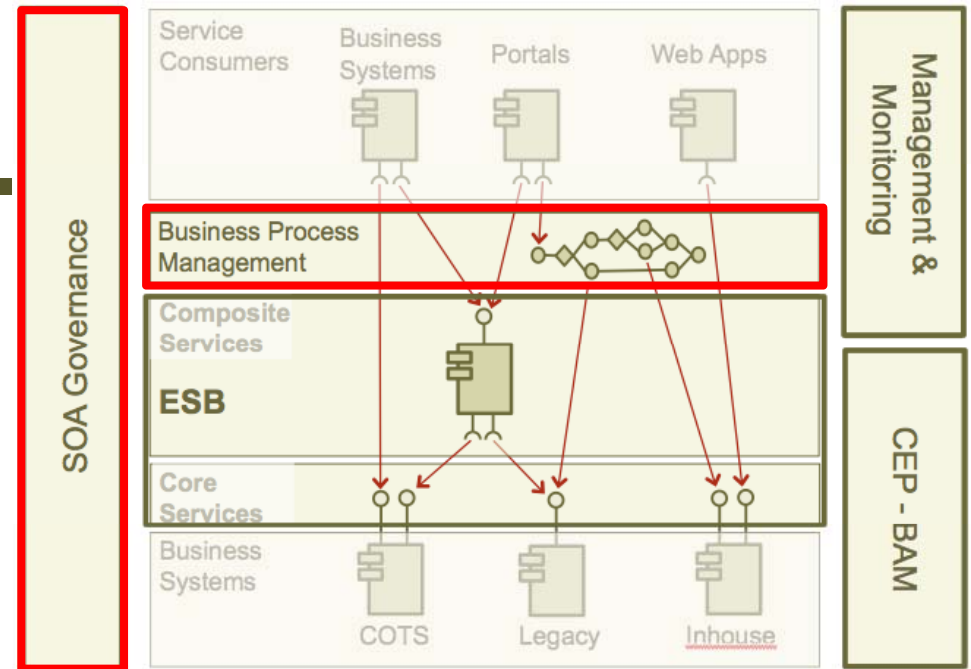


- ESB Connectivity - Messaging
 - Apache ActiveMQ
 - Sun OpenMQ
 - JBoss Messaging
 - Spring.NET Messaging API
 - JMS API for MS .NET

- ESB Connectivity – REST
 - Restlet
 - Jersey
 - JAX-RS (JSR 311)
 - Adbera
 - Atom Feeds

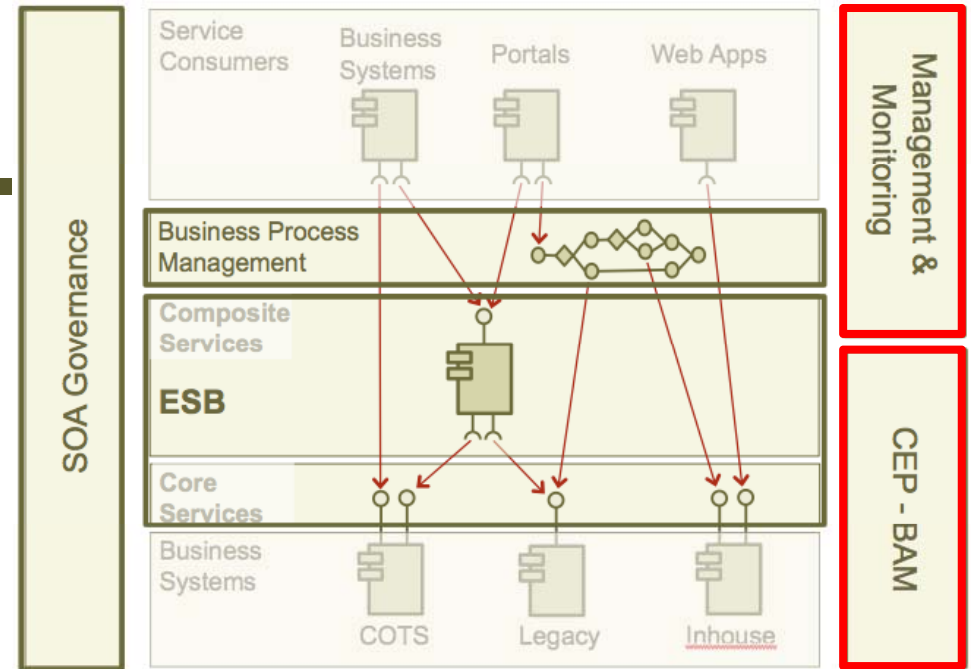
Open Source SOA

- BPM
 - Apache Ode
 - Sun BPEL Engine
 - JBoss jBPM
- SOA Governance Tools – Repository & Registry
 - MuleSource Galaxy
 - WSO2 Registry



Open Source SOA

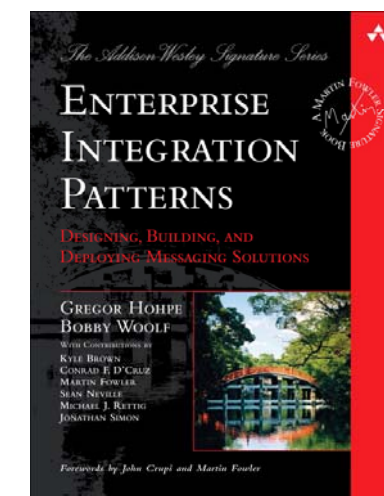
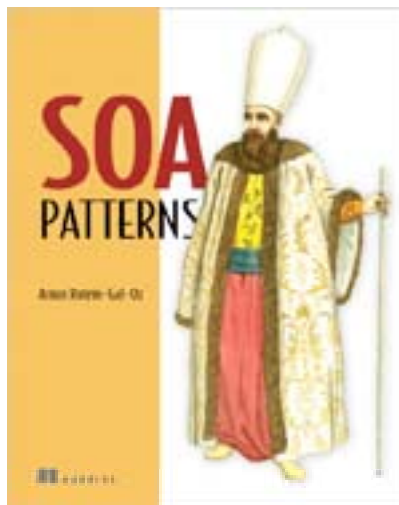
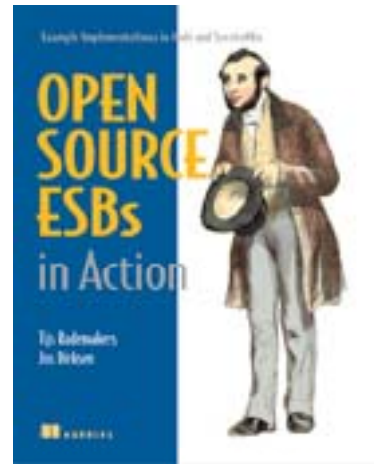
- BAM
 - Esper
 - JBoss Drools (since v5.0)
- Monitoring and Management
 - Hyperic HQ
 - MuleSource Mule HQ
 - Progress Fuse HQ
 - Builtin JMX access, e.g. in ESB products...



Summary

- Open Source products for SOA exists not only for core features such as Web Services, Messaging and ESB but also for
 - SOA Governance, Monitoring & Management and BAM
- Typical scenarios for service provisioning and consumption can be implemented very easy
- Advantages compared to commercial products
 - Lower license cost, obviously 😊
 - Lower complexity, at least for mainstream scenarios
 - Easier to extend
- Vendor service offerings for support, training and consulting
- Important to establish a reference model and guiding principles
 - SOA Governance, holistic view

Recommended reading



SOA and Open Source
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Questions?



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