

Web Acceptance Testing Revisited

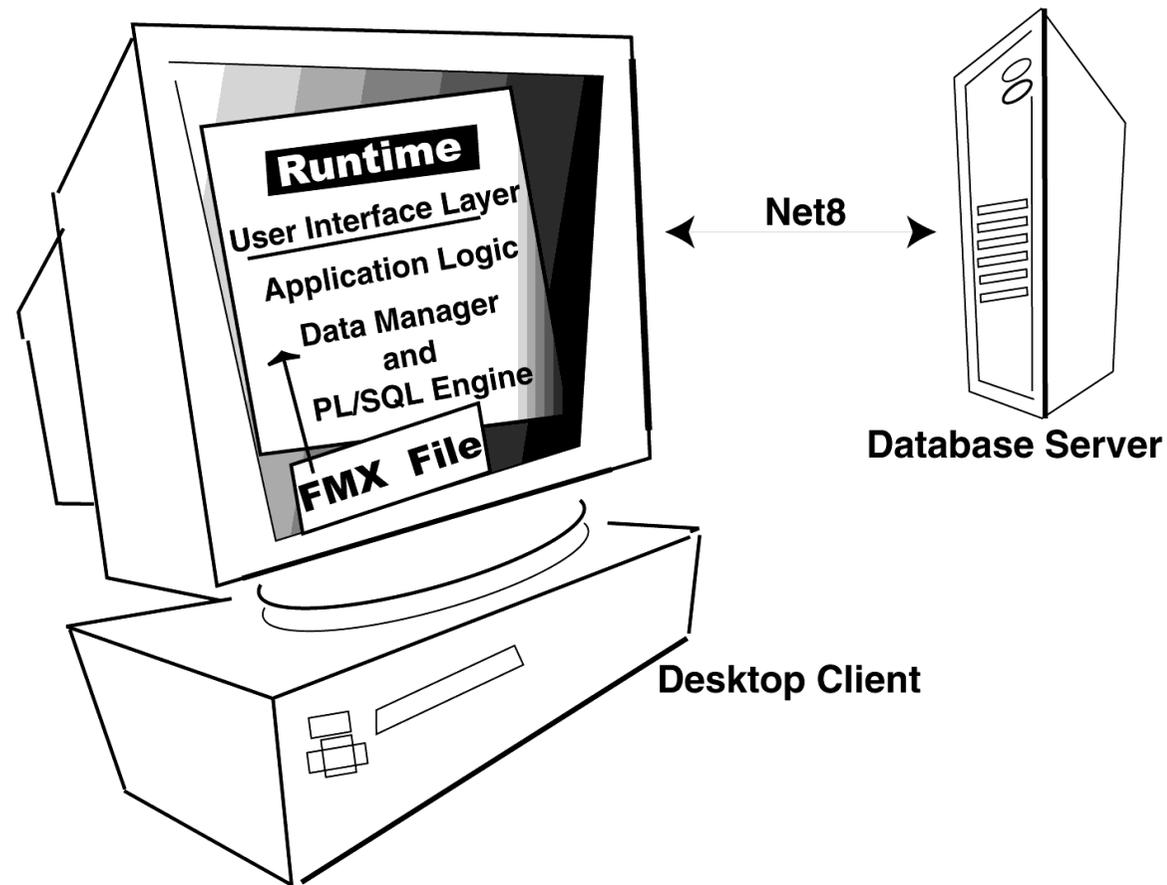
Björn Beskow | bjorn.beskow@callistaenterprise.se | 2012-01-18

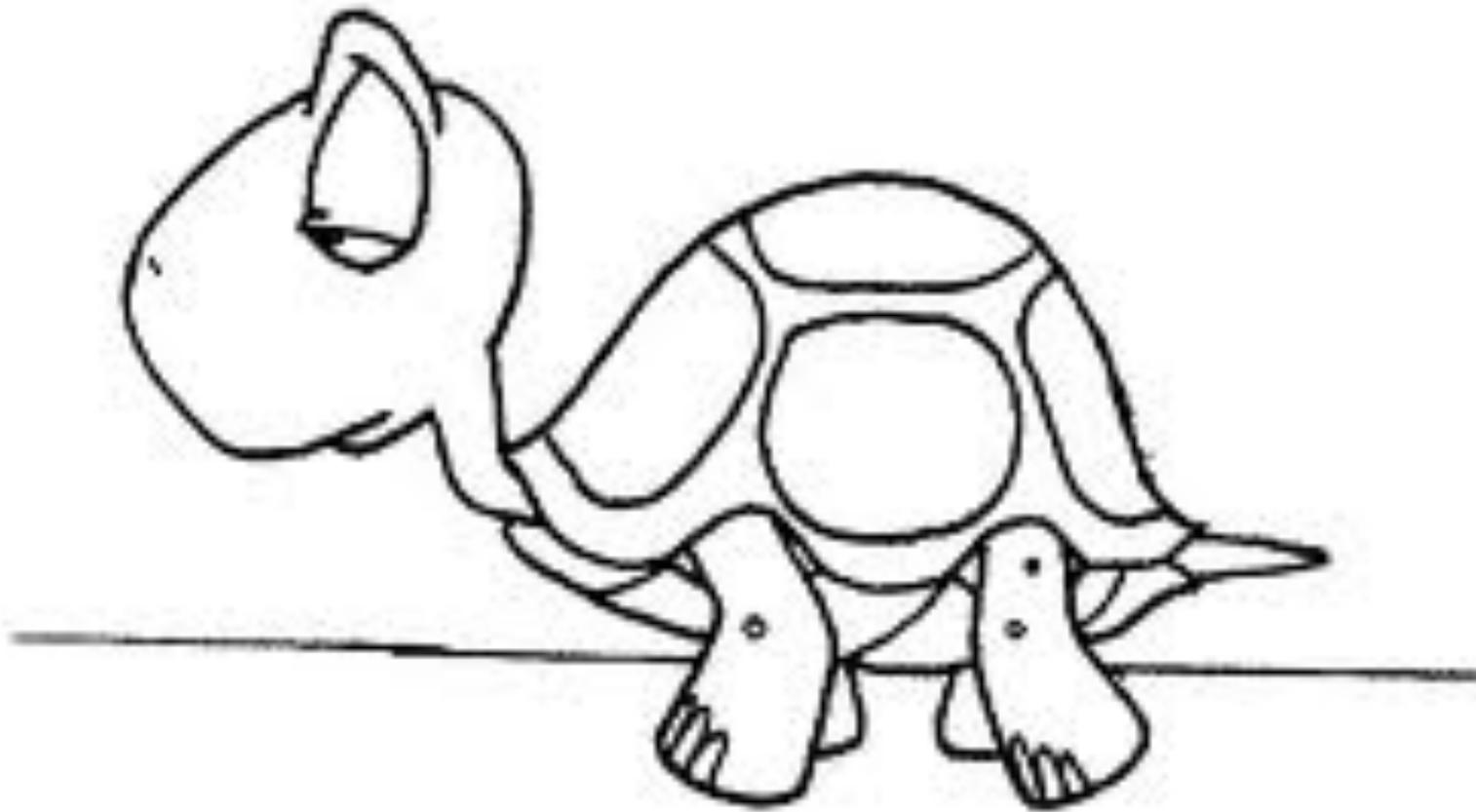


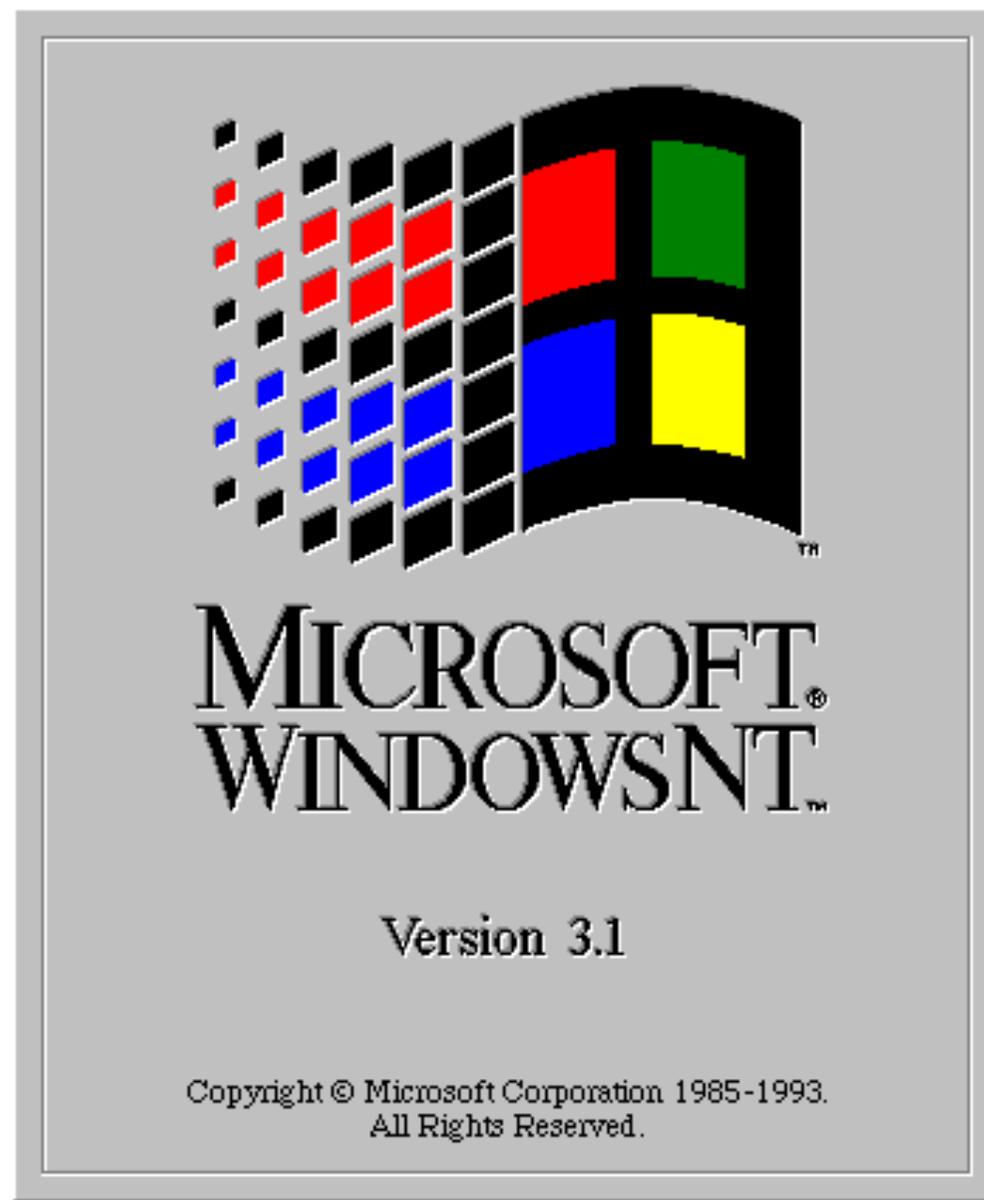
Testing Graphical User Interfaces is ...

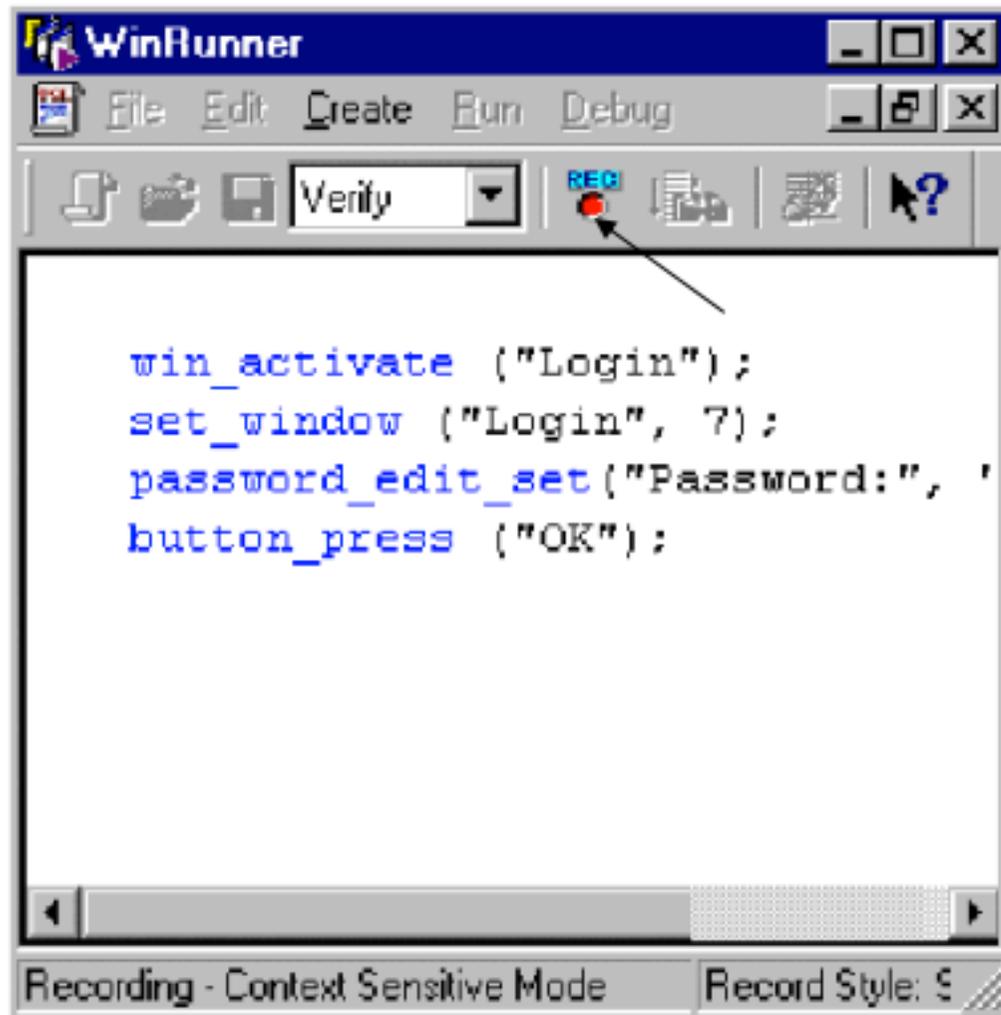


Client Server era







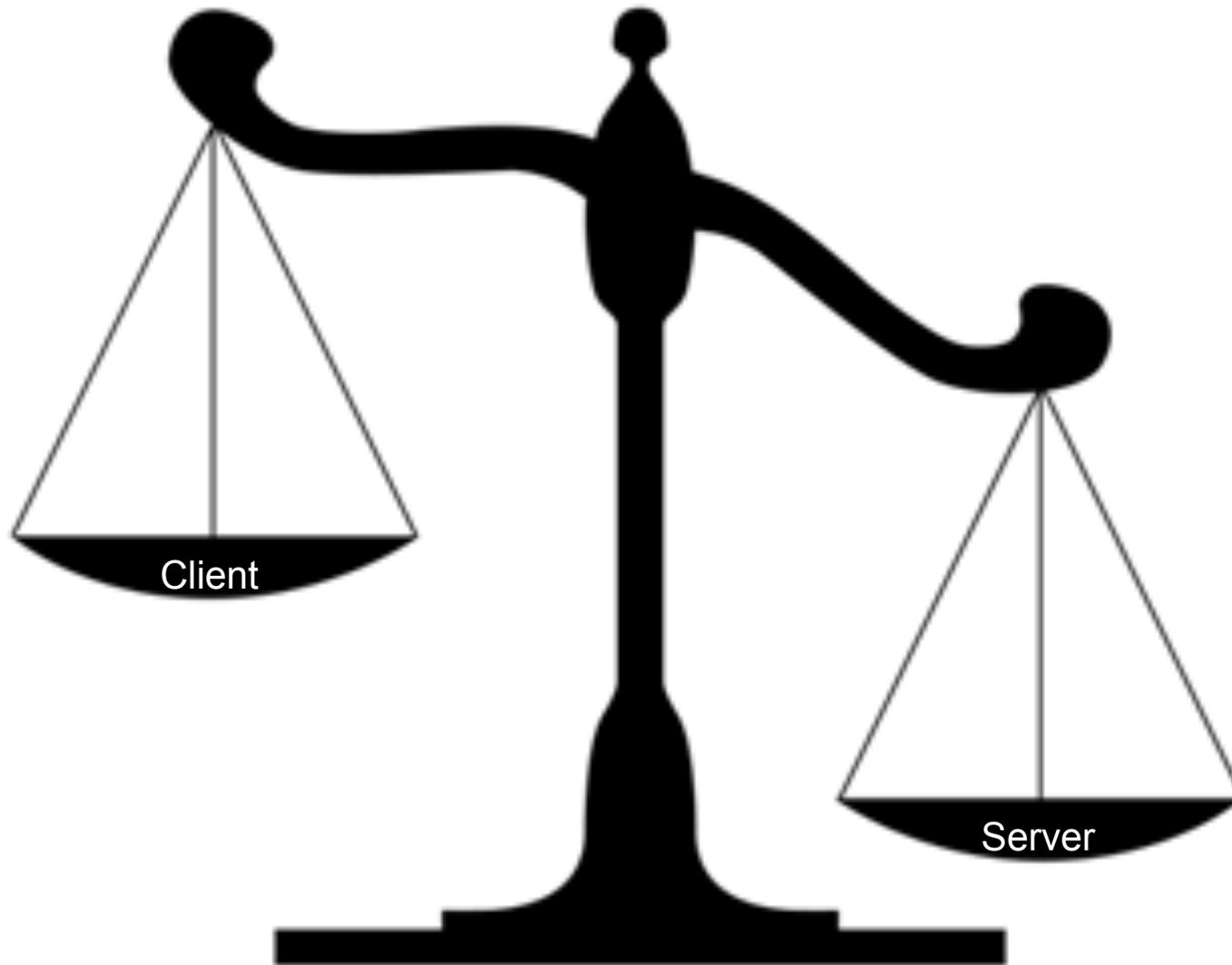






WWW











TDD

**ALL CODE IS GUILTY
UNTIL PROVEN INNOCENT**

CODESMACK



'

'get login details

Call LoginInfo()

strComputerName = Environment.Value("envComputerName")

strUserName = Environment.Value("envUserName")

strUserDomain = Environment.Value("envUserDomain")

'

Set objBrwsr=Description.Create

objBrwsr("micclass").value="Browser"

objBrwsr("name").value=".*"

Set objLink=Description.Create

objLink("html tag").value="A"

objLink("micclass").value="Link"

```
public void testSearch() {
    beginAt("/");
    assertFormElementPresent("q");
    setFormElement("q", "HttpUnit");
    submit("btnG");
    assertLinkPresentWithText(searchLink);
    clickLinkWithText(searchLink);
}
```





... except for the GUI ...



Web 2.0







*“Flickr deploys 10 times a day -
why don’t you?”*



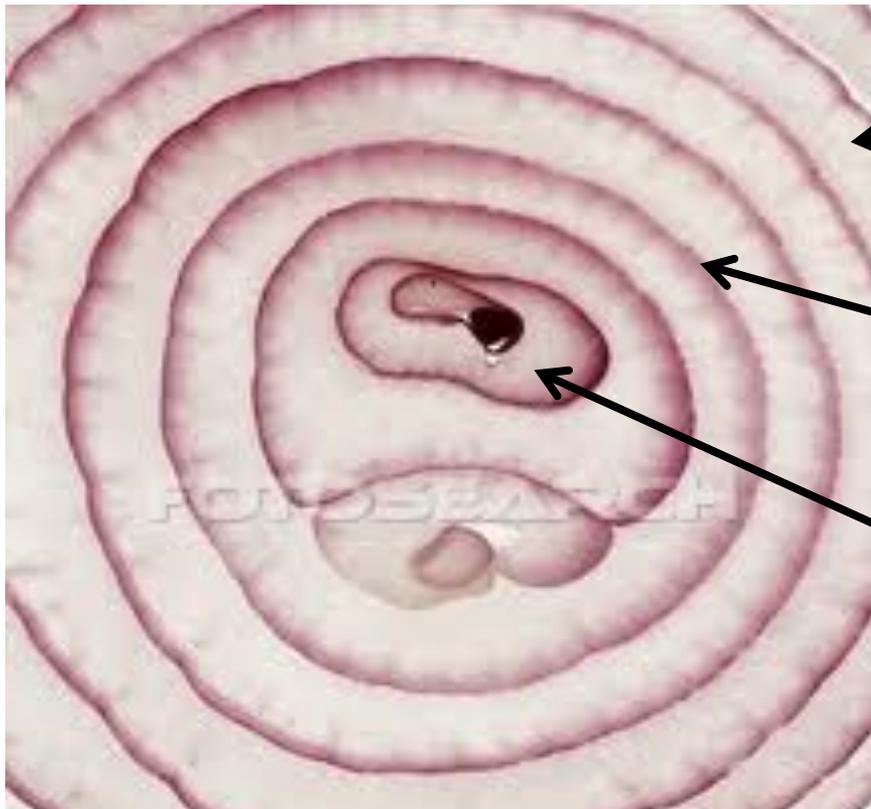




Huston, we have a problem ...



... and hence we need yet some layers of abstraction!

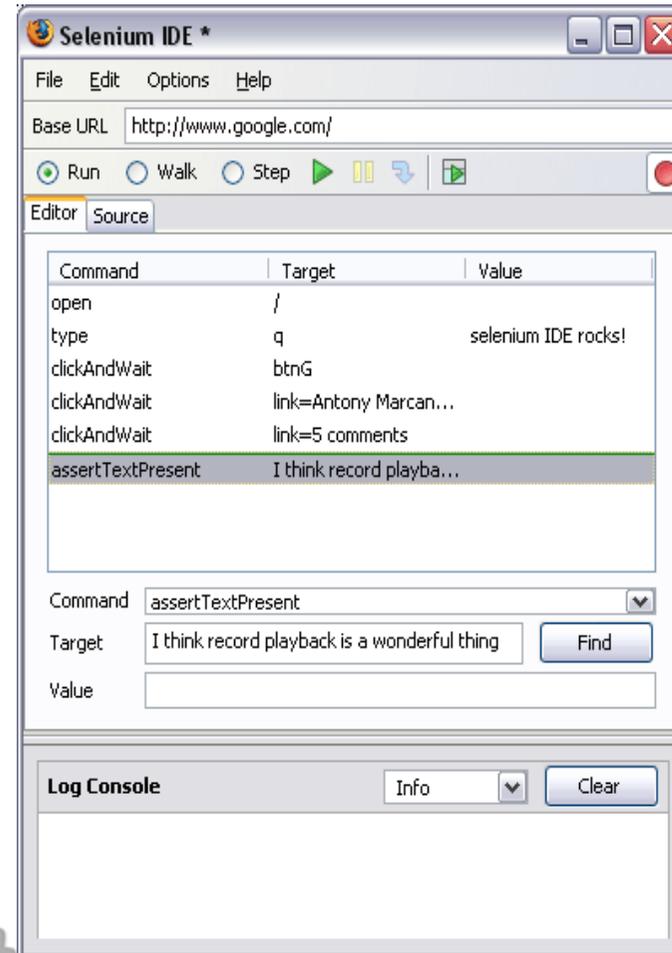


- Specifications
- DOM Abstraction
- Browser Automation



Selenium: A framework for Browser Automation

- The Selenium engine executes tests **directly in a browser**, just as real users do.
- The Selenium 1.0 test engine is implemented in JavaScript, and thus run in most browser (Internet Explorer, Mozilla, Firefox, Opera, Safari ...) on most platforms.



Selenium + WebDriver = Selenium 2.0

- First production-ready version in July 2011
- Greatly enhanced model compared to Selenium 1.0
 - Object-based API for DOM Interaction
 - Browser Driver Implementations
 - Advanced User Interactions



At the heart of Selenium: *Selenese*

click	getHtmlSource	isVisible
close	getTitle	keyPress
createCookie	getValue	mouseOver
dragdrop	goBack	open
fireEvent	isElementPresent	refresh
getEval	isTextPresent	type



Selenium 2.0 Tool Chain

- Selenium IDE
- Browser Drivers
- Remote WebDriver
- Selenium Server (Selenium RC/ WebDriver)
- Selenium Grid

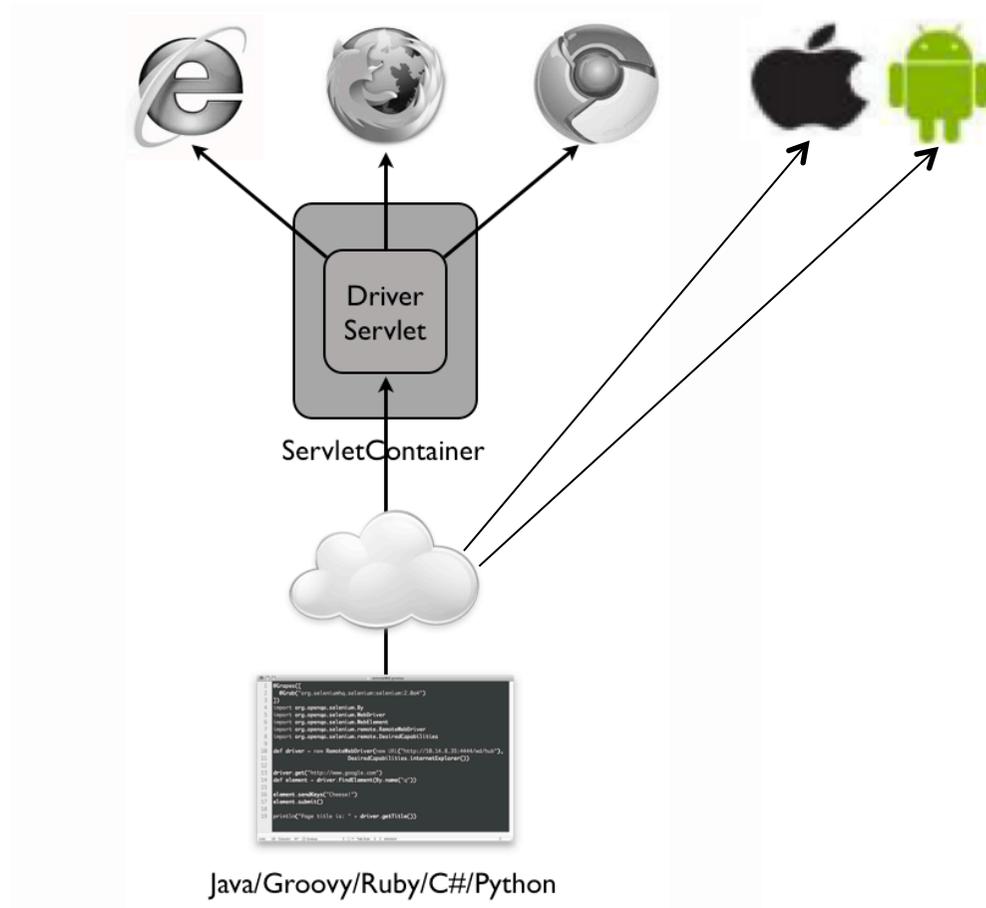


Browser Drivers

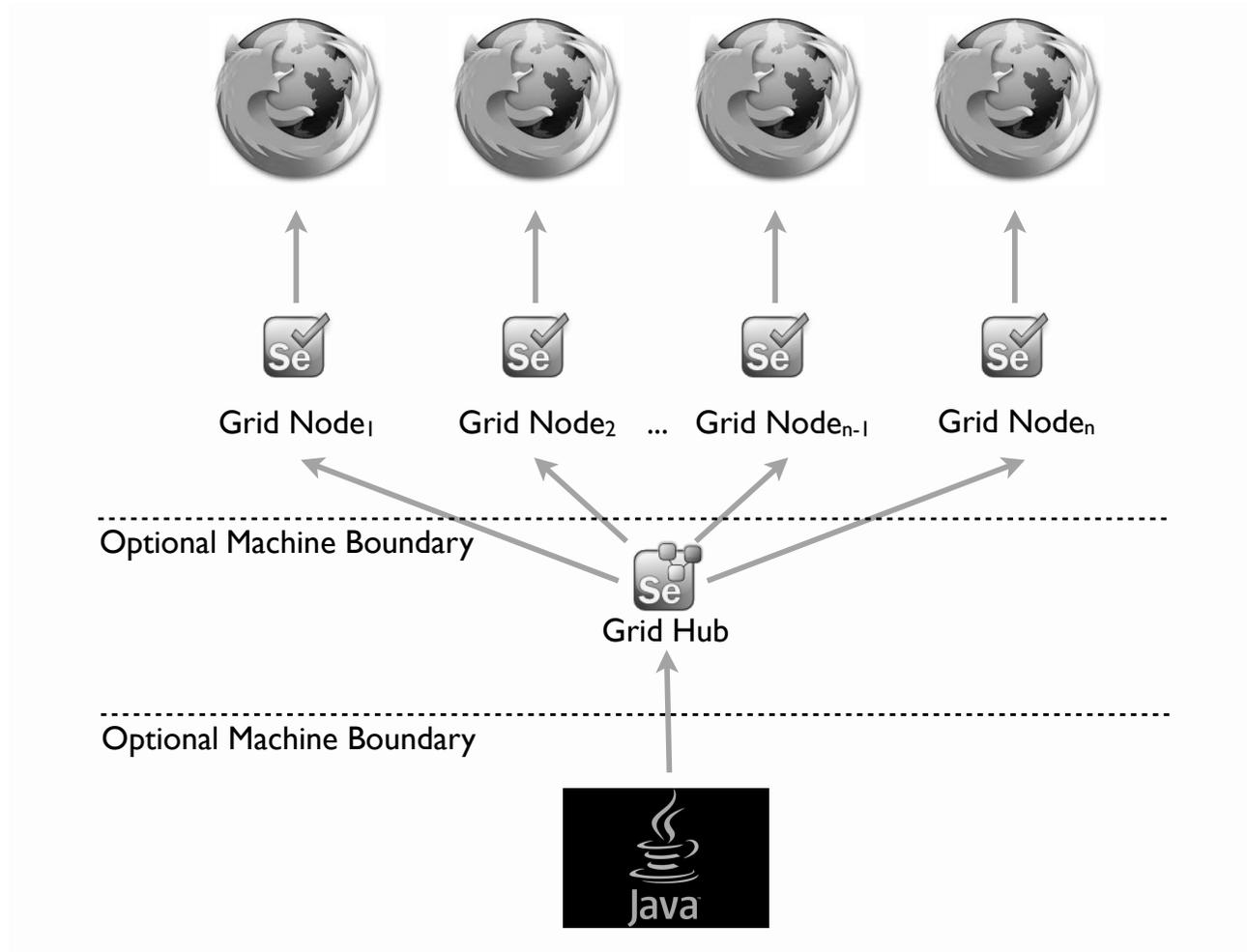
- Native implementations of the WebDriver API
 - Firefox
 - Chrome
 - Internet Explorer
 - Opera
 - Headless (HtmlUnit)
 - iOS
 - Android
 - ...



Selenium Remote Driver



Selenium Grid



DOM Abstraction: Geb



- Brings together
 - The power of Selenium / Web Driver
 - The elegance of JQuery
 - The robustness of the Page Object pattern
 - The flexibility and pure joy of Groovy

Geb *(pronounced "jeb")*

very groovy browser automation... web testing, screen scraping and more



Navigator API

- JQuery-like expressions provide a concise and effective way to navigate the DOM

```
$("p", text: contains("Timecard"))
```

```
$("input", name: "username").value("bjorn")
```

```
$("#div.message").text()
```



Page Objects

- Use proper object-orientation techniques to avoid brittleness and duplication

```
$("input", name: "username").value("bjorn")
```

```
$("input", name: "password").value("secret")
```

```
$("input", name: "submit").click()
```

Don't do this

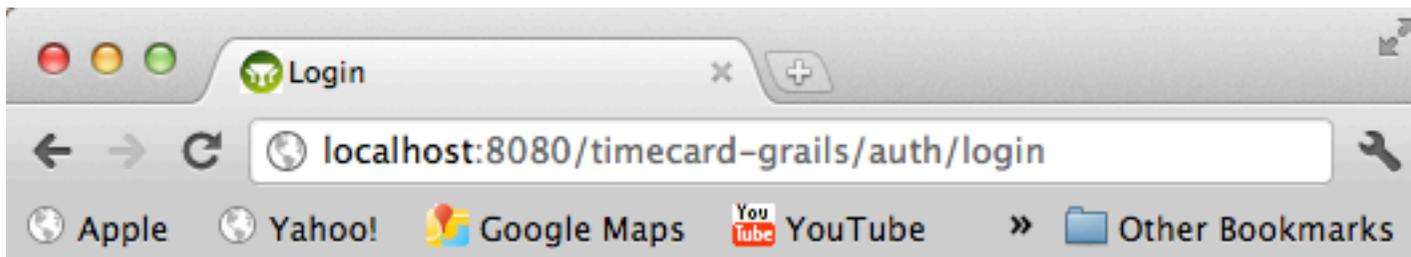
Page Objects

- Use proper object-orientation techniques to avoid brittleness and duplication

```
page.login("bjorn", "secret")
```

DO this instead





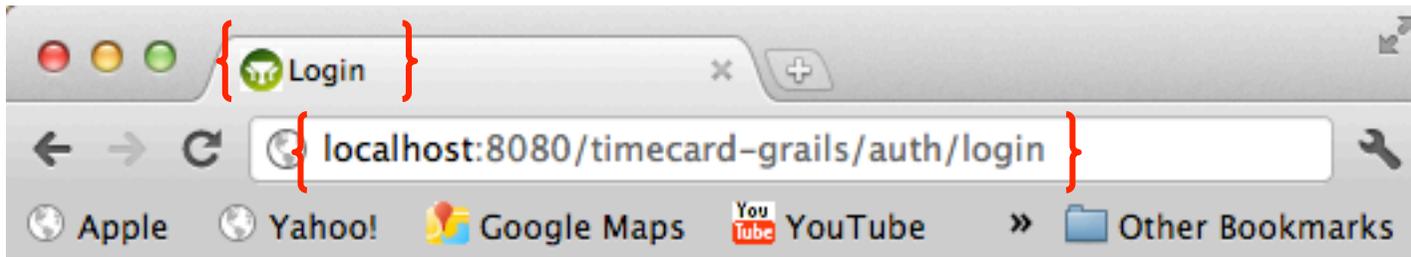
Username:

Password:



Browser window showing the source code of a login page. The address bar displays: `view-source:localhost:8080/timecard-grails/auth/login?targetUri=%2FworkDay%2FregisterTime`. The browser interface includes standard navigation buttons (back, forward, refresh) and a search bar. Below the address bar, there are several bookmark icons: Apple, Yahoo!, Google Maps, YouTube, Wikipedia, Diverse, and Vehco. On the far right, there is a link to "Other Bookmarks".

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html>
3   <head>
4     <title>Login</title>
5     <link rel="stylesheet" href="/timecard-grails/css/main.css" />
6     <link rel="shortcut icon" href="/timecard-grails/images/favicon.ico" type="image/x-icon" />
7
8     <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8"/>
9     <meta name="layout" content="main"/>
10
11
12     <script type="text/javascript" src="/timecard-grails/js/application.js"></script>
13
14   </head>
15   <body>
16     <div id="spinner" class="spinner" style="display:none;">
17       
18     </div>
19     <div id="grailsLogo"><a href="http://grails.org"></a></div>
20
21
22   <form action="/timecard-grails/auth/signIn" method="post" name="signInForm" id="signInForm" >
23     <input type="hidden" name="targetUri" value="/workDay/registerTime" />
24     <table>
25       <tbody>
26         <tr>
27           <td>Username:</td>
28           <td><input type="text" name="username" value="" /></td>
29         </tr>
30         <tr>
31           <td>Password:</td>
32           <td><input type="password" name="password" value="" /></td>
33         </tr>
34         <tr>
35           <td />
36           <td><input name="submit" type="submit" value="Sign in" /></td>
37         </tr>
38       </tbody>
39     </table>
40   </form>
41   <script language="JavaScript">
42     document.signInForm.username.focus();
43   </script>
44
45   </body>
46 </html>
```



Username:

Password:



Geb Page definition

```
class LoginPage extends Page {  
    static url = "/timecard-grails/auth/login"  
    static at = { title == "Login" }  
    static content = {  
        username { $("input", name: "username") }  
        password { $("input", name: "password") }  
        login { $("input", name: "submit") }  
        message(required: false) { $("div.message").text() }  
    }  
    def login(name, passwd) {  
        username.value(name)  
        password.value(passwd)  
        login.click()  
    }  
}
```



Geb Page definition: navigation

```
class LoginPage extends Page {  
    static url = "/timecard-grails/auth/login"  
    static at = { title == "Login" }  
    static content = {  
        username { $("input", name: "username") }  
        password { $("input", name: "password") }  
        login { $("input", name: "submit") }  
        message(required: false) { $("div.message").text() }  
    }  
    def login(name, passwd) {  
        username.value(name)  
        password.value(passwd)  
        login.click()  
    }  
}
```



Geb Page definition: *at* predicate

```
class LoginPage extends Page {
    static url = "/timecard-grails/auth/login"
    static at = { title == "Login" }
    static content = {
        username { $("input", name: "username") }
        password { $("input", name: "password") }
        login { $("input", name: "submit") }
        message(required: false) { $("div.message").text() }
    }
    def login(name, passwd) {
        username.value(name)
        password.value(passwd)
        login.click()
    }
}
```



Geb Page definition: logical *content*

```
class LoginPage extends Page {  
    static url = "/timecard-grails/auth/login"  
    static at = { title == "Login" }  
    static content = {  
        username { $("input", name: "username") }  
        password { $("input", name: "password") }  
        login { $("input", name: "submit") }  
        message(required: false) { $("div.message").text() }  
    }  
    def login(name, passwd) {  
        username.value(name)  
        password.value(passwd)  
        login.click()  
    }  
}
```



Geb Page definition: *actions*

```
class LoginPage extends Page {  
    static url = "/timecard-grails/auth/login"  
    static at = { title == "Login" }  
    static content = {  
        username { $("input", name: "username") }  
        password { $("input", name: "password") }  
        login { $("input", name: "submit") }  
        message(required: false) { $("div.message").text() }  
    }  
    def login(name, passwd) {  
        username.value(name)  
        password.value(passwd)  
        login.click()  
    }  
}
```



Specifications



Business people want to express required behaviour, not necessarily write tests



Spock



- Another BDD framework for the Java platform
- Based on Groovy



Example Task

Task: Login is required for time reporting

Given a user

When he navigates to the time reporting page

Then he has to log in



Example Task

Task: Regular days

Given a white-collar employee

When he arrives at 8:00 and leaves at 17:00

Then his result for that day is 0.



Spock specification

```
class TimeReportTest extends GebSpec {
  def "White-collar time reporting, regular day"() {
    given:
      to HomePage
      registerTime.click()
      waitFor { at LoginPage }
      login("bjorn", "secret")
    expect:
      at TimeReportPage
    when:
      arriveAt("08:00")
      leaveAt("17:00")
    then:
      at ResultsPage
      flex == "0"
  }
}
```



Demo!



Time for Questions!

